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Bellefonte Republican.

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VOL. XXV BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 12, 1894. NO 28

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
DANIEL H. HASTINGS, of Centre.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
WALTER LYON, of Allegheny.

FOR AUDITOR-GENERAL,
AMOS H. MYLIN, of Lancaster.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JAMES W. LATTA, of Philadelphia.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
GEORGE F. HUFF, of Westmoreland.
GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanna.

Republican County Ticket.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
BENJAMIN RICH, of Fleming.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
P. E. WOLMESDORF, of Philipsburg,
HARRY R. CURTIN, of Roland,

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN D. DECKER, of Potter twp.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE,
JOHN G. LOVE, of Bellefonte subject to the decision of the district judicial conference.

Weekly Financial Review.

NEW YORK, July 7, 1894.

From the intervention of the national holiday and other causes, the business of the past week has been of a ragged and unsatisfactory nature. The railroad strike has had much less effect than might have been expected from its extraordinary magnitude. At the opening of the week, there was some selling from that cause; but it is a significant symptom that the "bears" instead of making it an occasion for selling, became buyers to cover their "shorts", and the fall in prices was consequently but ½@¾ per cent and of brief duration.

The view very generally taken of the wild action of the strikers is, that its own excess must bring a speedy remedy. Wall Street takes little stock in the schemes of mere agitators, and in the platent pretensions of Debs it seems a damaging blow to the demagogueism that pervades a certain class of unions, though fortunately by no means all of them. The present strike, in spite of its magnitude and its display of threats and force, has brought out an assurance which not only goes far towards allaying the present trouble, but will also prove an invaluable protection against future disputes between the railroads and their employes. The Government has reached the conclusion that it is legally concerned not only in preventing violent interferences with the transportation of the mails, but also with the interruption of the carriage of passengers and freight, as between State and State. This, upon full consideration by the highest legal authorities, the Administration accepts as a true construction of the Inter-State Commerce laws; and the troops have accordingly been set in motion to quell the present disturbances in the West; which means that, if the strikers do not speedily return to their places, the roads will be enabled to fill their positions with new and non-union hands. This action not only provides a short cut to the end of the present riotous proceedings; but it puts before railroad employes the certain prospect of their having to deal with the power of the United States in any future attempts to enforce their strikes by violence. This is not only of immense value to the railroads, as relieving them of a constant menace to their property and operations; it will be equally welcomed by the public at large, who have suffered great inconveniences and loss from these interruptions of travel and transportation. Beyond this, the action of the Government carries a great moral assurance to the country at large. The lawless proceedings of labor organizations have so long been quietly tolerated as to produce a growing feeling of distrust as to the sufficiency of the laws for the preservation of order; and this spectacle of the impunity of violence has been a direct encouragement to the disregard of the civil rights of the citizen. It is therefore a most refreshing assurance to see the highest authority of the nation thus boldly declare that the rights of property, and liberty for its unobstructed use, must and shall be respected. And yet this action, irrespective of the Inter-State Commerce laws, is nothing more than should be expected from the Government. The railroads are the high-ways of the nation; and if it is conceded to be necessary to keep them open for the carriage of the mails, it must be allowed to be even still more necessary, in the interest of the people at large, that they shall be kept unobstructed for the transportation of products and persons. It is a plain dictate of public policy that this important service should be performed by the national Government; and it is simply marvelous that this duty should never hitherto been openly recognized.

During the latter half of the week, the market for securities showed the beneficial effects of these assurances. Even London responded by orders to buy. Indeed, the English market is becoming a much more important element of support to New York than it has been for many months past, if not since the passage of the Sherman Silver act. This seems to be in a large measure due to the expectation that, when the Tariff bill is out of the way, there will be a revival of business in this country and a more settled condition of politics. And there are reasons for hoping that this expectation may prove to be well founded. There is certainly an improved tone in most branches of trade. Buyers from the interior report a prospect for about an average Fall trade; and what is very important, they seem to agree that prices have touched bottom. It is true, there is no very marked improvement in the amount of purchase; nor is it expected that the business of the second half of the year will show a really brisk aspect; for buyers are likely to cling to the habit, acquired last year, of spreading their purchases over the season, instead of supplying their wants by large trasactions at the beginning which may impart to trade the appearance of continued conservatism. In this sense, immediate excessive activity in trade is expected, however, that next Spring will certainly bring a "boom" which hope has a sustaining effect upon confidence.

The intervention of the banks to supply the gold wanted for export has had the anticipated effect of stopping the outflow, the shipments of this week having been almost nominal. This fact shows strikingly the difference between the banks and the Treasury in their respective ability to control the movements of gold, and hence the unwisdom of making the Government the chief custodian of the precious metals.

HENRY CLEWS,

Caring For The Chronic Insane.

The completion at Wernersville, Pa., of the new State Asylum for the Chronic Insane marks the introduction of new methods of caring for these unfortunates in Pennsylvania. The problem of properly looking after the indigent insane within the Commonwealth has been for years one of the most difficult with which the Board of Public Charities and the State officials have had to deal. In Pennsylvania, as in other States, the increase in the number of insane persons has more than kept pace with the increased facilities for caring for them. The State hospitals at Harrisburg, Danville, Norristown, Warren and Dixmont have long been overcrowded. In the case of hospitals for the insane being overcrowded means conditions more distressing than the mind unfamiliar with such institutions can well imagine.

Unfortunately, public hospitals for the insane, by the very circumstances under which they are required to admit patients and crowd their wards to the utmost limit have been of recent years institutions not so much for the healing of the diseased mind as they have been asylums for the refuge and confinement of persons whose mental conditions made their liberty a menace to the community and to their own lives. This state of affairs has added very largely to the number classed as "chronic insane." To relieve the hospitals named above of the care of the chronic insane, the asylum at Wernersville has been established by the State and is now practically ready for occupancy.

WORD comes from the Fayette and Youghiogheny coke region that the Huns and the Ikes not only threaten to leave the country if their demands upon the operators are not conceded, but that they are really leaving along with their preachers. If this undesirable class have absorbed the idea that their threats will make sure their demand they are vastly mistaken. No class of foreigners now in the Pennsylvania coal and coke fields has caused more mischief and brought more of wreck and ruin to the sections in which they are located. It is not alone the people who are anxious to have them go, but the operators have so far changed their opinion in respect to this kind of help as to dismiss them whenever possible, and all this is quite significant, as the operators imported and introduced this element into the regions. If the citizens of Fayette can accept the statement that a refusal to grant the demands of the Huns would serve to drive them away, their actions would be almost unanimous in urging the operators to make no concessions.

Nominated Judge Blair.

Indiana, Pa., July 8.—The Democratic county convention reassembled here yesterday, and unanimously nominated ex-Judge P. Blair, Republican, for judge. Blair is now the nominee of the Democrats Populists and Independent Republicans, and the contest between him and Judge Harry White, the Republican nominee, bids fair to be close.

COMPARE the Pittsburgh DISPATCH with other papers.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, July 9, 189
(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

Senator Call would better have allowe that little episode of pulling off his sho in the Senate chamber while that augu body was in session to die of itself, as would soon have done. Then he woul have been considered merely as a ma with questionable taste. But since he mad that so-called personal explanation, and at tack upon the Washington correspondents he is considered as a blackguard and a well, call it a little unbalanced.

It is clear that the democratic member of the Senate committee that investigated the sugar trust scandal are in no hurry t get their report before the Senate, having failed to get either Senators Lodge, Davi or Allen to agree to a meaningless support that would practically dismiss the whol matter. The republican Senators propose making a report that will be in keeping with the evidence taken, and owing to the extreme nature of some of the conclusions drawn by Senator Allen he will probably make a separate report devoted largely to showing that the money which the sugar trust people admitted having contributed to democratic state committees was actually used to help the democratic national ticket and was so intended to be used. The republican report will only agree with that of the democratic Senators in one thing—it will exonerate Secretary Carlisle from any blame for having at the request of Senator Jones written that sugar schedule. It will then show that the sugar trust controlled the making of the sugar schedule of the tariff bill and the passing of the bill. The report will make the most interesting sort of campaign document, and the republican Congressional Campaign committee will see that it gets widely circulated.

The Conference committee on the tariff bill held its first meeting to-day, in the Senate Finance room. If the applause which the democrats of the House gave Mr. Wilson, chairman of the Ways and Means committee, when he attacked the 643 Senate amendments to the tariff bill meant anything it meant that the House is going to make a hard fight to knock out every one of those amendments which puts a duty on the free list by the original Wilson bill. Upon the result of that fight depends the fate of the tariff bill. If it is successful, it is believed that the bill is doomed, unless the Gorman-Brice combine shall abjectly surrender, as every member of it has openly stated that they would not vote for the bill without the amendments they demanded and obtained from the senate. It must not be forgotten that a loss of three votes in the Senate means the final defeat of the bill. The republicans are not, of course, expecting anything quite so good as that, but they will not be surprised if it happens, and you may be sure that they will do nothing to make the fight between the House and the Senate less bitter.

The First Low Rate Seashore Excursion of the Year via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On July 12th the popular annual series of seashore excursions will be inaugurated for this season. As in previous years a choice of routes will be allowed whether Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, or Ocean City, four of the most popular and attractive resorts on the Atlantic Coast.

The rates quoted are extraordinary low and within the means of almost every one.

The tickets will be good for twelve days, thus affording a chance for a pleasant, restful fortnight by the sea.

These rates apply on regular trains leaving Pittsburg at 4.30, 7.00, and 8.10 P. M., or on special train leaving at 8.50 A. M. on the above mentioned date.

The special train will be run on the following schedule, and the tickets will be sold at the rates quoted:—

Clearfield	9.58	A. M.	8.90
Philipsburg	10.41	"	8.35
Osceola	10.34	"	8.25
Bellefonte	10.34	"	8.65
Tyrone	1.18	P. M.	7.65

The decision of the suffrage Committee of the New York Constitutional Convention to report favorably a proposition authorizing the use of ballot machines in elections is directly in line with the effort to secure honest elections. Such machines have been used in town and village elections in New York State for several years past, and they have given universal satisfaction. The right to use them was granted by the Legislature, but there is some fear that the law is invalid, as the present Constitution says that voting at elections shall be by ballot. So the proposed change in the Constitution in this respect is timely. Ballot machines for voting have been used in Massachusetts, New York and Michigan, and they have invariably been declared satisfactory. They enable the vote to be polled much quicker, are an infallible check on fraud, and make it possible to declare the result within ten minutes after the time for closing the polls arrives. The adoption of such aid toward securing an honest election ought to be encouraged.

We Have Ignorant Citizens Enough.

In refusing naturalization papers to a number of Italians who could neither read nor write in any language Judge Butler set an example that should be followed by all naturalization courts without exception. Applicants for naturalization are required to take an oath to support and obey the Constitution of the United States and no one can be expected to support and obey that which he does not understand and cannot be taught to understand. The alien immigrant, no matter from what country, who has not even acquired the English language, cannot be well enough versed in the principles of American government to be entitled to citizenship.

This is said in no spirit of hostility to intelligent foreigners who come to this country to become American citizens by learning the constitutional principles upon which American government rests. We have many foreign-born citizens in this class who are among the most loyal of Americans, and have attested their loyalty even to the extent of taking up arms to maintain the integrity of their adopted country. For all foreign-born citizens of the class already here, and for all who may come a hearty welcome is extended, and the country is the richer and stronger for every such addition to its loyal citizenship.

Unfortunately along with the intelligent and well disposed immigrants from abroad have come many steeped in dense ignorance and others as vicious as they are ignorant. In the immigration of recent years this undesirable class have been increasing and it is from this class that the disorderly and riotous element that has caused so much trouble in recent labor disputes has been chiefly recruited. Ignorant of American law they are constantly violating the law they have sworn to obey and defend and will continue to do so indefinitely.

We have more than enough of this class enrolled in our citizenship already. We want no addition to it, and the courts should peremptorily refuse to admit any alien to citizenship who does not know enough of the Constitution of the United States to know that he engages in a tie-up of the tariff system of the entire country he is antagonizing the important interest the Constitution was adopted to protect and foster.

Moving Against Company Stores.

The first move against the company stores at mines throughout Pennsylvania has been made in the Pittsburg district and comes from one of the largest mining companies in the state. President Taylor, of the Youghiogheny River Coal company owned by W. L. Scott, has consented to dispense with the stores owned by the company. F. L. Robbins, another extensive operator, will soon make an offer to the miners embodying similar terms. Other large operators are expected to follow soon. The proposition is the result of the efforts of the national secretary of the Mine Workers' union, Patrick McBride. It contemplates the purchase of the stores goods and leases of the buildings. The operators are to receive in addition a differential of two and one-half per net ton. Secretary McBride is well pleased with the offer and will present the matter for the consideration of the national executive board.

The Soldiers.

The Harrisburg Patriot of to-day gives the following statistics regarding the military forces of the United States: The regular army consists of nearly 30,000 men, including all departments, not nearly all of whom are available for military service.

The National Guard of the several States comprises over 110,000 men. The total number of commissioned officers and enlisted men in the National Guard of this State is 8,612.

Probably one half of the regular army of the United States would be available for active field service. At least one-third would be required to guard the government property in the country. In detail, the regular army consists of ten cavalry regiments with 432 officers and 6,050 men, five artillery regiments with 259 officers and 3,675 men, twety-five infantry regiments with 877 officers and 13,125 men, engineer battalion, recruiting parties, ordinance department hospital service, Indian scouts, West Point cadets, signal corps and general service in which there are 567 officers and 4,142 men.

—The Coleville band was in Bellefonte on Monday evening giving serenades. They went to the upper end of Linn street and for a half hour or more occupied the new band stand of C. M. Bower, Esq., rendering most delightful music to the supreme satisfaction of the residents in that neighborhood.

Pennsylvania Losses.

The effect of the panic last year upon the industries of Pennsylvania is partly shown in a report issued by the Secretary of Internal Affairs at Harrisburg. This document consists of a compilation of statistics received from four hundred and twenty-four manufacturing firms in this State concerning their operations in the year 1893, as compared with similar statistics for the year 1892. Secretary Stewart caused this inquiry to be made on the basis of the pay rolls, books and bills of sales of the firms in question, and they prove, beyond doubt, the extent to which Pennsylvania has suffered in the great depression.

In 1892 the number of persons employed by these firms 155,259, at the end of 1893 it had fallen to 135, 165, showing that 20,000 persons had lost employment. The decrease in wages is still greater. In 1892 the firms under notice distributed to their employes $62,744,668; in 1893 their wage fund fell to nearly $50,000,000, or a decline of more than sixteen per cent. In even larger ratio was the loss to the manufacturers for the value of the product which in 1892 was upwards of $300,000,000 declined in the following year to $245,000,000, or a loss of eighteen per cent.

As the panic did not manifest itself until the spring of 1893, these returns are based also on the favorable conditions which prevailed in the early part of the year, or before the advent of the Cleveland administration. Coming only to the end of that year, Secretary Stewart's report does not include the unfavorable conditions which prevailed during the winter and spring of 1894 in greater degree than in 1893. It must be remembered, too, that the report covers the affairs of only a part of the manufacturing industries of that State; but there is no reason for doubting that if returns had been transmitted from all of them they would have shown a general decline in the same ratio of sixteen per cent. in wages and eighteen per cent. in the value of the product.

These figures make it more easy to understand the great revulsion in the last two elections in Pennsylvania against the party which has been waging war on protection.

The heavy losses have fallen almost equally on both capaital and labor, and they have taught the hundreds of thousands of Pennsylvanians who are dependent on manufactures for their livelihood a new lesson on the follies of tariff agitation. Probably no State has felt the burden more than Pennsylvania, and the Democrats who now propose to make another campaign here with "tariff reform" as their shibboleth will only give proof of amazing short-sightedness and stupidity. —Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Camp Linndale.

Passengers on the trains between Bellefonte and Lewisburg notice a large sign beside the road just beyond Linn flag station bearing the name, "Camp Linndale." Nestled behind the trees, the tents of the campers afford but a glimpse of the pleasures there for a month's outing. They have taken possession of an old log house for permanent shelter and the commissary department and have the tents arranged on the open ground facing it. At night a huge campfire forms a centre for a circle of chairs and benches. The trout and spring chickens of the neighborhood have their lives heavily insured.

At present the party is composed of the following State College people: Prof. and Mrs. Reber; Prof. and Mrs. Jackson; Prof. and Mrs. Sparks; Miss Pemberton. Mr. McLean and Prof. Walters. And Mr. and Mrs. James F. Robb, of Pittsburg. Several Bellefonte people will go down during the month to partake of the good cheer abounding there.

Clintondale Park.

Clinton Park is the name of a new pleasure ground that will shortly be opened to the public at Clintondale this county. The park is close to the station of the Central railroad and is being put in first class order for picnic parties. Carpenters are at work erecting seats and pavillions and laborers are busy grading the entrance to the park and putting the grounds in proper conditions for the Sunday schools of Bellefonte. Central Park if made as attractive as is promised will become a popular pleasure ground, and especially so with Lock Haven people after the electric cars run to Mill Hall.—*L. H. Express.*

Smallpox in the State.

The secretary of the state board of health reports the following cases of smallpox, under the date of July 7, the number of cases at each place being noted: Philadelphia, four cases; Harrisburg, Dauphin county, one case; Reading, Berks county, five cases; Carlisle, Cumberland county, six cases, three fatal; Lewistown, Mifflin county, five cases; Danville, Montour county, no report. The disease has disappeared from Lewisburg, Union county; Lee, Luzerne county; Shickshinny, Luzerne county; Jerseytown, Columbia county; Walnuttown, Blandon and Lidel's Crossing, Berks county.

A New Cure for Diphtheria.

A correspondent writes to the New York Tribune:

So many thousands of children are annually carried off by diphtheria, the suffering caused by the disease are so agonizing and the remedies hitherto at the disposal of the medical profession so inadequate, that the news of the introduction into the Berlin and London hospitals of a new and efficacious cure for this fell malady cannot be regarded as otherwise than as a matter of public interest. Very little has been heard about this remedy until now, owing to the fact that the distinguished bacteriologists engaged in its discovery have been unwilling to subject themselves to the same disadvantage as Dr. Koch, whose cure for consumption has been unjustly proclaimed a failure, merely because it was published to the world prematurely and before it was ready for medical application.

The new cure, briefly speaking, is one of inoculation, with this difference that, instead of injecting the poison into the system of the patient, one injects the blood of an animal which has been inoculated with a weak culture of the diphtheria bacteria—the virus of the latter being, however, of so weak a character that it does not affect the animal with the malady, but merely renders it immune thereto. Repeated experiments made of late have shown that a few drops of blood from a horse or any other animal thus rendered immune injected into a human being suffering from diphtheria, are sufficient to arrest and cure the disease. Of course it is too soon as yet to quote the statistics of the few hundreds of cures which have been effected in Berlin and London by this treatment, which is to be fully discussed in all its complicated scientific aspects at the forthcoming international congress of hygiene in September at Budapest. But whatever the ultimate result of its application, it has at least one advantage over all other forms of inoculation hitherto discovered, namely, that the matter injected into the system of the patient is free from poison, and consequently harmless.

Another Army Of Idlers.

A general strike by all the associated labor of Chicago is the new phase of the situation. This complicates and intensifies the difficulty by adding 150,000 idle men to the throngs that now plot, participate in or at least applaud mischief and violence in that city.

The new army of strikers drop their work and their pay because the Puliman Company will not arbitrate the question whether it shall do business at a greater loss than it has already agreed to. The extension of the strike will cause a good deal of inconvenience, annoyance and distress, though the families of the strikers are certain to feel it more severely than any others. It will not otherwise aggravate the situation if the authorities, city, State and Federal, do their duty.

The situation is critical largely because of the conviction that Mayor Hopkins lacks courage and the kind of energy needed in this emergency, and that Governor Altgeld's sympathies are with the mob. The Federal Government and its troops are the main reliance. It would give relief to the country if Chicago were placed under martial law, and General Miles charged with the duty of seeing that no further harm come to that city and city and that no more indulgence is shown to those who transgress the law or do any acts of violence or disorder.

THE BEST newspaper is always the CHEAPEST. That the Pittsburg DISPATCH is the best newspaper between New York and Chicago, everybody knows. 25 4t

It is largely to be charged to the supineness of the Chicago authorities that the rioters were permitted to get the headway they did. If even the most seasonable precautions had been taken at the outset it would have been no difficult matter to have maintained the public peace and prevented the destruction of hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of property for which the railroad companies are certain to make somebody else pay. Chicago has a considerable population which is a constant menace to good order. It is ever on the watch for a disturbance and a chance to destroy and ruin. Under such circumstances the authorities of the city must know that they can look for nothing but the worst if they give the least latitude to a mob. That would be dangerous any where; it is doubly so in Chicago.

At fifteen cents per week, the Pittsburgh DISPATCH, one of the best newspapers in the United States, is the cheapest article in existence. It is worth more than fifteen cents per week to have the eye pleased by a clear, well-printed paper, publishing all—not a part of the news only, and in all respects the best printed.

WORLD'S FAIR BUILDINGS BURNED.

Incendiaries Cause the Destruction of a Number of the Famous Structures.

Chicago, July 5.—What is left of the golden statute of the public near the eastern end of the court of honor, the central point of interest for several thousands of visitors to the exposition last summer, looks out upon a waste of ruins and ashes. The six large structures which formed the boundaries of the ecurt of honor perished by incendiarism early this evening. The buildings destroyed were the terminal station, administration, manufactures, electricity and mine buildings, machinery hall and the agricultural building. The art gallery, which has been re-christened the "Field Columbian Museum," and the government building were saved, together with the minor buildings south of machinery hall and the agriculture buildings.

The fire started almost simultaneous at three points, so selected as to afford the best possible opportunity for the spread of the flames. In each of these places, on the second floor of the terminal station, the southwest corner of the mechanical arts building and on the southeast corner of the manufacturers building, a man was seen running away from the grounds by passers by or members of the gang of wreckers who are at work tearing down the buildings, just before the fire broke out. One man was killed and one injured during the progress of the fire, but he was severely burned about the limbs and lower part of the body.

By 10.30 the flames had spread from the mechanical art's building across the grand canal to agricultural hall and that building was doomed. The court of honor was almost entirely encircled by a roaring mass of flames. The firemen had some time before abandoned all efforts to save any of the six buildings to which the fire had spread and directed their attention to saving the government building and the transportation. The former is situated just north of the manufacturers building and was only saved from the general destruction by a change in which occurred just after the north end of the manufactures hall had been enveloped in flames.

The transportation building, separated only by the wide boulvevard from the mining building was badly scorched and took fire in several places, but the firemen succeeded in stopping the spread of the fire in that direction. The conditions were very favorable to the rapid spread of the fire northward from the transporation building to the horticultural and women's building and thence to the crowned portion of the grounds occupied by the various state buildings in the north end. The transportation building is northwest of the mines and mining and the southwest wind kept the space between them clear so that the firemen were not impeded in their work.

Some of the buildings burned were being torn down. The exhibits were all removed some time ago and the actual loss will be slight. At midnight engine No. 19 and five of the crew are missing and it is reported that they have been burned to death. Hook and Ladder No. 13 and all the members of the company are also missing.

The Teachers Adjourned.

Media, Pa., July 5.—To-day was the closing day of the three days meeting of the State Teachers' association. "The Great Tendencies of Modern Education" was discussed by Dr. N. C. Schaeffer, state superintendent of public instruction. "Three of the leading universities," he said, "have thrown their doors wide open to students. More young men and women are studying Latin and Greek in our colleges to-day than ever before. One of the first steps of the Saxon reformers was to establish schools where men might see the Bible. One of the early vows of the ancient monks was that they would become teachers of the young. There early arose a tendency to study the realistic, and this gave rise to the establishment of universities and laboratories that will eventually work wonders even here in Pennsylvania."

Mrs. Louisa C. Preece, of Minneapolis, Minn., gave an interesting talk on physical culture.

After closing session this afternoon the teachers started on a trip to the Pennsylvania Training schools to see the inmate and inspect the institution.

Another Man Excited.

Philadelphia, July 5.—A special to the Evening Telegraph from Atlantic City, N. J., says that a dangerous character named Hager, who says that he is from Philadelphia, threatened Colonel John E. Mehrer, proprietor of the Inlet pavalion, with death this morning when he was refused employment. Hager attacked the proprietor, but employes came to the latter's aid and turned the man over to the police. At a hearing the assailant said that he was commissioned by the goverment to assassinate ex-president Harrison. Hager is adjudged a lunatic and will be held for committal.

Did Not Get The Miners Out.

Philipsburg, July 5.—Several hundred miners went to Coaldale, No. 4 mine, this morning to bring out the men in the mine who had gone to work at 40 cents a ton, and the only mine in this part of the state working below the compromise rate. The effort was ineffectual. Another effort will be made to-morrow morning, when fully 1,000 miners will march to that mine. The mine is not guarded. Several operators left here this evening to attend a meeting of Clearfield and Beech Creek operators in Philadelphia to-morrow morning. It is expected that a more liberal offer will be offered the miners has yet been made, the last having no effect.

MORE MEN ON STRIKE.

All Trainmen in the South Chicago Yards Join the Movement

Chicago, July 5.—The engineers, firemen, trainmen and switchmen of the Calumet and Blue Island railroad in the South Chicago yards of that company, went on a strike at 6 o'clock to-night, giving their employers three hours notice. As the company does the switching for the South Chicago plant of the Illinois steel company, it forced the closing of the works of that company, throwing out of employment upwards of 3,000 men, who have scarcely recovered from the long shut down last winter.

Judge Crosscup's order for a special grand jury to investigate violations of the United States statutes by the strike leaders, was entered in the record of the federal court to day, but Clerk Burnham says the jury will not be called until to-morrow. As the jury is not to meet until next Tuesday morning the court officers declare that there will be sufficient time to call the venire and get the jury in readiness. The lake vessel lines gave up their efforts to fill out cargoes to-day and their boats are being sent out partially loaded. This afternoon General Miles announced that the Fort Leavenworth troops would arrive to-morrow. They number about 250 men belonging to the Twelfth regiment, United States infantry, and when they reach this city will be detailed to rienforce the regulars now at the stock yards and Blue Island.

The two companies of the Fifteenth infantry from Fort Sherdian which constituted the detachment sent to the Grand Crossing, were brought into this city tonight and are now in camp on the Lake Front just north of the Illinois Central station at Twelfth street. This move was decided upon so that the troops might be more easily handled in case they are needed at other points. Everything has been quiet at Grand Crossing for the past forty eight hours.

Protest Against Lynching.

New Orleans, July 5.—A very strong petition has been presented to the legislature protesting against lynching, and calling on that body to pass some law that would have the effect of checking and preventing it. The petition is not the work of negroes, nor have they anything to do with it, but emenates from the leading white citizens of New Orleans. It is signed by William Preston Johnson, president of the Tulane university; by I. Boggoerl, vicar general of the Catholic archdiocese of New Orleans; by the Rev. F. Paradezo, of Christ cathedral, protestant Episcopal; by Dr. B. L. Palmer, of the First Presbyterian church, the most distinguished Presbyterian pastor in the south, and by many other clergymen of all denominations.

No suggestions are made to the legislature as to what action it should take, but it is simply asked to place itself in antagonism to lynching and to frame some law that will stop it in the interest of law and morality and justice, and keep the negro laborers in Louisiana satisfied and contented.

Outrages Perpetrated by Strikers.

Chicago July 5.—The mob of strikers and sympathizers which had been derailing cars in the stock yards district today, after successfully stalling the Michigan Central freight train on Fortieth street, where they held up an incoming train, compelled all passengers to leave the cars and then dragged the engineer and fireman from the cab and derailed the engine. The mob then ran up to Fortieth and Clark streets and set fire to the Lake Shore signal house. All this time the United States troops were up at Halsted street guarding the Michigan Central train General Miles is in command of the troops to fire on the mob without orders from Washington. He had telegraphed the Authorities at Washington that he is unable to cope with the situation here and asked for re inforcements.

Will Arm Its Employes.

San Francisco, July 5.—The Southern Pacific company has shipped a large number of Winchesters to Oakland, its object being, it is said, to arm its employes for the protection of its property. Members of the Second regiment, N. G. C., are assembled at their armory by order of General Diamond. They will be kept there armed and kept equipped for any emergency. Moved to action by the partial success of striking railroaders, the stevedoers of Port Costa, one hundred and fifty in number, have struck because of a cut in their wages. The men are nearly all engaged in loading wheat in ships. The superintendent of railway mail service having receeived instructions to use coast steamers for the transportation of the mails, which has been accumulating since the strike took effect last Wednesday, started them north and south this evening.

A Stabbing Affray.

Williamsport, July 5.—A stabbing affray occurred at Trout Run yesterday that is likely to terminate fatally. Fred Kelly and William Miller quarreled and blows were exchanged when Kelly whipped out a pocket knife and plunged it into Miller's abdomen. Kelly is at large.

RIOT AT BUTTE.

One Man Killed and Another Fatally Injured—The Street Cleared by the Militia.

Butte, Mont., July 5.—An American Protective association riot broke out here last evening and one man dead, one fatally injured and half a dozen more or less seriously wounded is the result of the out break. The militia has been called out and is stationed in one district of the city. All saloons have been closed as well as pawn shops and places where ammunition is sold.

The trouble was precipitated by two saloon keepers displaying on the fronts of their places bunting forming the letters, "A. P. A." During the night some one set off a stick of giant powder under one of the windows, demolishing a large pane of glass. This attracted a large crowd of people to the scene, which blocked the streets all day. After the police could not disperse the crowd. Several fights occurred and the first shot was fired by Wm. Ferguson at Wm. Page. This intensified the feeling and the crowd started to tear down the building occupied by the saloon men who had the A. P. A. sign out. Judge McHatton of the district court, appeared in a window and addressed the crowd, appealing them to commit no overt act of violence, and gave assurance that the trouble would soon end. The crowd could not be dispersed, but was held at bay.

At 6.30 the riot broke out and the fire department rushed into the crowd, turning the water upon them. The hose was turned in Simon Hauswirth's saloon and the A. P. A. sign torn down. Several men inside the saloon began looting. One man stood at the door and fired six shots into the saloon. The sheriff and posse then called upon the governor for militia and several local companies were ordered out. Ropes were drawn across the street and the militia cleared the blockade. All was restored to quiet at the immediate scene of the riot, but at the other end of block large crowds assembled and more trouble was expected.

The excitement ran high all the evening and there was a lively interchange of shots with the following results:

D. H. Daly, a special policeman, was shot through the heart and instantly killed by Frank Munford, a baker; Wm Page received a glancing shot over the eye; Samuel Dunn was shot in the sides probably fatally injured.

About fifty arrests were made and the governor has been asked to send militia from Helena and various other points in the state.

A Fruitless Conference.

Chicago, July 5.—The only result of a conference held to-day between the executive council committee and the union officials was the establishing of the fact that the managers do not want to meet the strikers, which is considered by President Debs as an indorsement of the position taken by him, and the further decision that the mayor and committee send a request in the name of the city of Chicago to George M. Pullman, requesting that he return to Chicago and meet his men for the purpose of arbitrating and settling the strike in the Pullman shops. In this meeting the American Railway union, it is agreed, will not be represented officially. If a consent is gained the strike will be speedily settled, otherwise the trouble only be increased.

President Debs and the directors met representatives of the Chicago Typographical union this afternoon and were informed that if it could be shown that any good could be done by such a move every union printer in the city would strike in sympathy with the American Railway union. They now only await the proper showing and a request from the union officials to strike.

At the meeting of the labor chiefs to morrow it is likely that a monster mass meeting of the strikers and sympathizers will be called, the time and place to be agreed upon at the morning meeting.

The Pan Handle engineers disobeyed orders this morning in not reporting for work and were discharged in a body.

President Debs announced late this evening that Governor Altgeld had been prevailed upon to investigate the ordering of armed federal troops into the state without the consent or sanction of state authorities.

Makes Blood Repairs Waste

so says

DR. EDWIN F. RUSH,
103 STATE ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

I have used in my practice every known raw food extract, but now exclusively prescribe a raw meat extract prepared in this city, called

BOVININE

The Original Raw Food

It is very rich in all the elements required in the formation of blood and tissue. It repairs waste very rapidly, and is borne by the most delicate stomach—of excellent taste, and is rapidly digested.

25,000 physicians endorse it.

Sold by all druggists.

THE BOVININE CO., NEW YORK.

Wheat for the Millions.

The figures on the wheat crop published yesterday are not promising for the farmer who hoped for better prices this year. The yield is estimated at 475,000,000 bushles, which, including what was left over from last year, will leave a surplus of 160,000,000 bushels. In consequence of the publication of these figures prices in the speculative markets declined steadily all day. The decline was favored by the fact that advices were off also in all the great wheat cenrtes of Europe.

It does not appear that the reduction of acreage in wheat which was talked of as a means of remedying the low prices of last year's crop, has been effected. It was more easily talked of than done. It is one of those things which somebody else can do without trouble, and ought to do without delay. What is everybody's business is nobody's and is never done. Men who have been for years growing wheat and have invested in machinery for the purpose are as loth to turn to another form of agriculture as the merchant is to turn to some other line of business.

But nothing is more certain than that many farmers will have to do it. When they do they will introduce scientific farming, with which will come a higher life in the country—more means of enjoyment, social and intellectual, the want of which, as much as anything else, has driven countless thousands from the farm where independence is possible, to the city, where constant struggle and frequent failure are the result.

"Gentle As The Summer Breeze."

"I'd rather take a thrashing any time than a dose of pills," groaned a patient to whom the doctor had prescribed physic.

"I'd as lief be sick with what ails me now, as to be sick with the pills."

"I don't think you've taken any of the pills I prescribe, or you wouldn't dread the prescription so, laughed the doctor.

"I never use the old, inside twisters you have in mind. I use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant. They always make me think of a part of an old hymn—

mild and lovely,
Gentle as the summer breeze.

The best thing of the kind ever invented. No danger of their making you sick. You'll hardly know you've taken them. I wouldn't use any other in my practice."

Shaft in His Chest.

Sunbury, July 5.—Charles Bigony, son of Ephram Bigony, of Lock Haven, met with a serious accident yesterday at James Parker's driving park, between this place and Northumberland. He was taking a spurt on his bicycle, previous to a race for which he was entered, and at the same time a horse in a sulky was being warmed up. They were going at a rapid rate in opposite directions, each had a pole, and a collision occurred on a curve. A shaft of the sulky penetrated the left side of Bigony's chest to the depth of five inches and broke off, about four inches of it protruding from the wound. Bigony's conditioff was serious early this evening, and as there was a brass tip on the shaft it is feared blood polsoning will set in.

Fire and Robbery.

Milton, July 5.—The Shultz bakery and a portion of the dwelling attached was damaged by fire at an early hour this morning. The fire was discovered by Harry Rissel, who after assisting in moving the household goods, jumped from a window and injured his hips and back.

Harry Angstadt was forced to flee from his room and complete his toilet in the street. Great excitement was created here by the blaze as it occurred just as a train load of excursionists arrived home. Thieves got in their work while assisting to remove the goods from the Shultz residence as considerable jewelry is missing. The fire orignated in the bakery.

Thinks He Will Win.

Washington, July 5.—Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, was on the floor of the house today. He returned from Kentucky on Monday last, whither he went to make a few speeches, in his district. All the indications, he says, point to his renomination beyond a shadow of a doubt. He will leave for Kentucky again on Saturday of this week to speak in Bourbon county.

General Coxey has a bright idea—not that he generally lacks in the article, but this particular idea is perhaps a bit more interesting than the ones that have gone before, and he is entitled to the credit of budding out into something new in this independence weather. Now that provender is running short and the means for supporting his army in Washingtun are getting beautifully less, he proposes to march his troops on the grass of the Capitol grounds, so that they can all be arrested, fed and lodged at public expense. This may be part of the Coxey movement that will provide some excitement in the near future of Washington life, and distractions of some kind are necessary to keep the Capitol City from utter collapse during the summer season. But while the army is preparing to charge on the grass, General Coxey has a right to explain why he pays his laborers in the sand business in Ohio only 90 cents a day, and employs Italians at that. The explanation will be the more brilliant thing of the two, and there is some prospect that Coxey will have his hands full, as his campaign for Congress from the Eighteenth Ohio District has just begun, and the voters are asking questions.

Nearing The Grave.

In old age infirmities and weakness hasten to close the gap between us and the grave. Happily scientific research and pharmacol skill have allied themselves in furnishing us a reliable means of ameliorating the ailments incident to declining years, and of renewing waning physical energy. Its name is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a widely comprehensive remedy in disease, and an inestimable blessing to the elderly, the feeble and the convalescent. Rheumatic ailments, trouble with the kidneys and lumbago are among the more common ailments of the aged. These are effectually counteracted by the Bitters, which is likewise a prevention and curative of malarial complaints, dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness. It is highly promotive of appetite, sleep and the acquisition of vigor.

The Social Economist for July has an unusual fund of bristling and aggressive articles, all bearing on live questions of great import. It shows how the government is being cornered by the gold demand for export in a manner which suggests the necessity for an early repeal of the legal tender act and a reconstruction and consolidation of our banking system so that the banks can be obliged to pay coin. It shows the elusive quality of incomes, the putrid quality of the New York police, the evanescent and famous quality of Mrs. Besant's doctrine that the best way to be happy is to sit still, Hindoo fashion, and enthuse. It presents to us the Gresham law at first hand. Gen. Draper explains why Clevelandism depresses wages. Prof. Commons proves that voting for tickets is an improvement on voting for candidates. Lester F. Ward reduces "Hegel on the State" to a very fine power, and George Gunton says "ta-ta" to Grover Cleveland and goes to Europe.

Eyes and Ears

have we that may see and hear; brains, that we may reason and understand: so there's little excuse for much of the suffering that is tolerated. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is fast becoming the one recognized remedy for all diseases resulting from thin, impure and impoverished blood.

Indigestion and dyspepsia, scrofulous affections, liver and kidney diseases, sores and swellings, catarrh and consumption, are blood affections. With purified, enriched and vitalized blood, they flee as darkness before the light! Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the only guaranteed blood-purifier and liver invigorator. Sold on trial! Money promptly returned, if it doesn't benefit or cure.

It is unfortunate that the Lee camp of ex-Confederate soldiers of Richmond, Va., should have voted to endorse the sentiments of the Rev. Blatherskite Cave, who delivered an oration May 30 on the occasion of the unveiling of the soldiers' monument in Richmond. This Cave claimed that "at Appomattox puritanism, backed by overwhelming numbers and unlimited resources, prevailed. But brute force cannot settle questions of right and wrong. The South was in the right; the cause was just; the men who took up arms in her defense were patriots who had even better reason for what they did than had the men who fought at Concord, Lexington and Bunker Hill." The camp was asked by a Chicago Post of the Grand Army of the Republic if it held to these opinions and the reply after due deliberation is that it does. It is not encouraging, 29 years after the close of the war, to know that the south holds such views and is eager to endorse them and that the fact becomes known just as the notion has celebrated the anniversary of its birthday.

—Pension Agent Skinner, of the Pittsburg district, to which Centre county belongs, paid out during his first year $6,518,785.15 in pensions to the old soldiers.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Fortunes Made & Saved

BY FOLLOWING THE ADVICE OF

The Wall Street Daily News

ESTABLISHED 1879.

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RAILWAY STOCKS and BONDS

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PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

LESSENS PAIN—INSURES SAFETY to LIFE of MOTHER and CHILD.

My wife, after having used Mother's Friend, passed through the ordeal with little pain, was **stronger in one hour** than in **a week** after the birth of her former child. J. J. McGOLDRICK, Beans Sta., Tenn.

Mother's Friend robbed pain of its terror and shortened labor. I have the healthiest child I ever saw. MRS. L. M. ANERY, Cochran, Ga.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
For Sale by all Druggists.

IT POPS.

Effervescent, too.

Exhilarating, appetizing.
Just the thing to build up the constitution.

Hires' Rootbeer

Wholesome and strengthening, pure blood, free from boils or carbuncles. General good health—results from drinking HIRES' Rootbeer the year round.

Package makes five gallons, 25c.
Ask your druggist or grocer for it.
Take no other.

Send 2-cent stamp to the Charles E. Hires Co., 117 Arch St., Philadelphia, for beautiful picture cards.

5 TO 20 DOLLARS PER DAY Easily Made.

We want many men, women, boys, and girls to work for us a few hours daily, right in and around their own homes. The business is easy, pleasant, strictly honorable, and pays better than any other offered agents. You have a clear field and no competition. Experience and special ability unnecessary. No capital required. We equip you with everything that you need, treat you well, and help you to earn ten times ordinary wages. Women do as well as men, and boys and girls make good pay. Any one, anywhere, can do the work. All succeed who follow our plain and simple directions. Earnest work will surely bring you a great deal of money. Everything is new and in great demand. Write for our pamphlet circular, and receive full information. No harm done if you conclude not to go on with the business.

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PILES "ANAKESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail. Sample free. Address "ANAKESIS" Box 2416, New York City.

Garfield Tea Overcomes effects of bad eating. Cures Sick Headache, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctor Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 229 W. 42th St., N.Y.

Cures Constipation

ERRORS of YOUTH and Obscure Diseases speedily and permanently cured by the celebrated specialist.

DR. LOBB, 329 N. 15th St., Philada., Pa.

No deception, no false representation. I will cure you positively and make you vigorous and strong. Treatment by mail a specialty and strictly confidential. Send 4c. in stamps for book on HOME CURE TREATMENT.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system.

VITALIS

FRENCH REMEDY 30th Day.

Produces the Above Results in 30 Days. It powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using VITALIS. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of youthful abuse or excess and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Insist on having VITALIS, no other. Can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address CALUMET REMEDY COMPANY, Chicago.

For sale by Krumrine Bros., Bellefonte, Pa.

TUBERCULOSIS IN COWS.

Results of a Test by the State Authorities.

Secretary Edge, of the state board of agriculture, and State Veterinarian Bridge have just finished the inspection of a herd of 148 cows in the vicinity of Philadelphia a number of which were supposed to be infected with tuberculosis. Of the 181 animals subjected to the tuberculine test 114 responded by a rise in temperature showing the existence of the disease to a greater or less extent. All of these have been killed and the result of the tuberculine test was verified in every case. In some cases in which the existence of the disease could not be detected by any outward examination the postmortem showed conclusively that the animal was diseased to a very great extent.

Of the last forty animals tested, but nine were found to be diseased, while in other cases about seventy-five per cent. were found infected. This is due to the fact that the last lot tested were all young animals which had not been confined closely to the stables and which had not been fed as high as the other animals. Secretary Edge states that while high feeding and confinement in close stables will not produce the disease, yet the germs having been once introduced will multiply with greater rapidity and infect a much larger proportion of the animals than where they run in the open air and are not forced by high feeding.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE GREAT

German Remedy.

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Bilious Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling; if so, use SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Blotches, and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS, and health will follow.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and workshops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS; it never fails to cure.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & CO., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy, free.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.

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BOILING WATER OR MILK.

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convince the skeptic and point the way which if followed leads to

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Prof. HARRIS' SOLUBLE MEDICATED Pastille

Has been put up in a proprietary form since 1878, and has been used for years prior to that time in private practice. It is no untried nostrum, of doubtful reputation, but a genuine specific for a very prevalent disease. Thousands of men, of all ages, have at some time in life brought on nervous debility and exhaustion, with organic weakness, by over brain work, excesses, too frequent indulgence or indiscretion and vicious habits, and it is to these that we offer a remedy that will, by its direct action upon the seat of the disease, stop the drain and restore the patient to vigorous health and strength.

Our method of introducing Prof. Harris' Pastille treatment is one which commends itself to all sensible persons—for the reason that we supply it upon their judgment of its value. We ask of our patrons nothing in the way of expense beyond a postal card and a two cent postage stamp. The postal card to be used in sending us their full address and the postage stamp for the letter returning the statement of their case for which we supply them with a question blank, to be filled out, and an envelope addressed to ourselves for use in returning it when filled.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE. When we receive the statement on blank we prepare eight days' treatment and forward it by mail and prepay postage thereon—and along with the eight days' treatment we send full directions for using. The treatment in no way interferes with a person's attention to business, and causes no pain or inconvenience in any way.

We are so positive that it will give perfect satisfaction that we leave the matter of sending orders entirely with those using the free trial treatment. Having satisfied those sending for trial packages of our ability to benefit their sexual condition we feel that they are more largely interested than ourselves in continuing the use of the Pastilles. Even then we do not attempt to rob them by demanding high prices. On the contrary, we make the prices as low as possible, and the same to all. They are as follows: $3 for one month; $5 for two months; $7 for three months.

These prices secure the delivery of the Pastilles by mail. If desired by express we leave the patient to pay the charges. For over ten years we have operated our business upon this plan with satisfactory results.

We ask all persons needing treatment for any of the secret ills which come to mankind through a violation of nature's laws to send us their address on postal card or by letter and allow us to convince them that PROF. HARRIS' SOLUBLE MEDICATED PASTILLES have merit and are what they need.

All communications confidential and should be addressed to

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THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CIN'TI.

Time That it Was Stopped.

The strike, boycott or insurrection, however it may be termed, which is delaying the United States mails and interrupting commerce and travel all over the United States, was ordered at a meeting of about 200 men, calling themselves the American Railway Union. It is possible that only a bare majority of these delegates approved the strike, but even if they were unanimous we have a case of 200 men wantonly interfering with the business of the whole country, and throwing many thousands out of work and out of pay in order to aid a strike of third parties with which neither the railroad boycotters nor their victims had anything to do whatever.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen repudiate this strike. The union of Locomotive Engineers condemn it and will have nothing to do with it. The switchmen's Union denounce it, and thoughtful workingmen everywhere disapprove of it yet the order of the 200 still holds, and Dictator Debs continues to rule. The conditions are as unnatural as they are unreasonable. What is needed to change the situation at once is an unmistakable display of backbone and physical force There have been a few arrests, but Debs is still at large. He is the nominal head of a criminal conspiracy and should be taken at his own word and held responsible for the lawless acts of those under him. The Government has troops and it should use them to secure a free and unimpeded course for interstate commerce within the United States.

The arrest of the leaders of the boycott everywhere and an effective use of powder and ball where violence is resorted to, would shake down this artificial structure almost as quickly as it was sprung upon the public. There has been enough talking and temporizing. The Federal authorities should not suffer for a day longer this criminal interruption of the business of the country.

Should the defeat of the strikers, as intimated in our despatches this morning, come about, there will be little sympathy for the men who brought about such a chaotic and altogether disgraceful state of affairs. It is good news, and a prompt and lasting example should be made of man or men who attempted to tie up the complete traffic and travel of the country, that a strong and healthy precedent may be established.

THE *best* newspaper is the best of all small investments. The Pittsburg DISPATCH fills the bill. 25 4t

From the Reformatory Record.

Present this morning, 524.

Last consecutive number, 1539,

The laundry department is a very busy place.

The corn on the Reformatory farm is growing rapidly.

Nineteen visitors were shown through the Reformatory this week.

Fifty gross of brushes were shipped from the brush factory this week.

The brick making class are manufacturing about six thousand brick per day.

Nos. 551 and 730 were returned to the Reformatory on Saturday evening for violation of parole.

Ice was issued on Monday morning to be used in the drinking water of the industrial department.

You cannot afford to do without the best newspaper. Look at the Pittsburg DISPATCH. Its merits display themselves. 25 4t

The New Boiler Tested.

Friday morning at 10.30 o'clock quite a number of people gathered at the machine shops of W. B. Maitland to witness the test of Mr. Maitland's new invention, his steam and hot water boiler for house and office heating purposes. It was just 10.40 o'clock when the fire was lighted under the boiler and in just fifteen minutes steam was up and over 260 feet of radiating surface had been heated. This is far ahead of any other heater now in market. The test was very satisfactory to everybody who saw it, and Mr. Maitland feels perfectly satisfied with his invention.

The Horses Changed Owners.

Says the Warriorsmark correspondent of the Tyrone *Herald:* On last Friday a party from Bellefonte brought four horses to our town and was met by a party from Huntingdon with four horses and according to arrangements by telephone the eight horses changed hands, the Huntingdon horses going to Bellefonte, and the Bellefonte horses went to Huntingdon.

On A Fishing Excursion.

On Friday evening John M. Dale, Esq., Harry Fenlon, Hard P. Harris, Joseph L. Montgomery, Mortimer Donohue, Ed. Austin, Thomas H. Morris and a number of others departed for a ten days fishing trip to Keating, Pa. The boys expect to have a royal good time, as well as to catch an almost endless number of trout.

Another Great Achievement.

There could be no better illustration of the marvelous progress of the world in many ways than in the laying of the last Atlantic cable. Many remember the long and wearisome task of laying the first one—of the misfortunes and failures and losses, and the frequent despair of success in the operation. This last one was laid at a greater rate of speed than possible to most vessels which ploughed the sea when the immortal Field was triumphing over seemingly insuperable difficulties. In 20 days the work was complete, and messages passed over the new line. The deep water portion of it is 1,627 nautical miles in length. The first message passed from shore to shore June 27, and it is memorable as marking the greatest success ever won in annihilating time and space. Marvelous progress has been made in developing the power and speed of steamships in the last generation or so, but it is not more worthy of admiration than that made in the developing of telegraphic communication between widely separating nations. In fact these two things have gone together; one has been the necessary concomitant of the other. As they go on, one strengthening and supporting the other, who shall say to what bounds of achievement they will not go before the end of the next generation?

It Opens the Eyes.

"My daughter is losing her sight," said an anxious mother, "and just on the eve of marriage, too! What shall I do?" "Let her get married, by all means," responded the doctor; marriage is a regular eye-opener." A man's eyes open pretty widely, when he finds his wife's charms disappearing. Health is the best friend of beauty, and the innumerable ills to which women are peculiarly subject, its worst enemies Experience proves that women who possess the best health, use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrapper, and faithfully carried out for many years.

Prendergast, Mayor Harrison's slayer, will have to hang. The jury refuse to pronounce him insane. Whatever they may think of his mental condition, they are clearly of the opinion that the best use to which such a miserable existence as his can be put is to snuff it out. There is no reasonable expectation that Prendergast could ever do any good in this world, except by leaving it. His execution is notice to other cranks that indulgence in their murderous impulse means death for them as certainly as for their victims. Some will not be stayed by this; others will. We owe it to the men placed in conspicuous position by popular suffrage to protect them so far as possible from the attacks of the vicious, the depraved and the mentally deformed. A more rigorous rule as to mental responsibility is justified in such cases on the ground of public policy than it would be necessary or wise perhaps to enforce against ordinary homicides.

Centre County Ministers In It.

The Pittsburg *Times* is now out with a novel contest in which it offers a six week's tour of the old country to the five most popular ministers of the gospel, to be determined by ballots cast between July 2nd and December 31st. The *Times* prints a list of the names of preachers already voted for, and in that list we find the following Centre countians:

Revs. William Laurie, Miles O. Noll and George Zehner, of Bellefonte; J. C. Young, Pleasant Gap; G. W. Leisher, Boalsburg; A. R. Miller, H. F. Means, H. N. Grant, J. W. Henderson, W. P. Hile and J. F. Clerc, Philipsburg; James Henry, State College; S. H. Eisenburg, Centre Hall; C. T. Aikens, Pine Grove Mills, and A. L. Armstrong, Stormstown.

To Keep Ice.

A very simple but little known method of keeping ice is to draw a piece of thick flannel tightly over some deep vessel, like a bowl, for instance, and fasten it. The ice is placed on top of this drumhead and covered lightly by another piece of flannel. In this condition the ice keeps cold and even freezes to the flannel. Thus a small piece of ice can be kept near a patient all night, so as to avert many weary marches up and down stairs to the refrigerator. To break the ice a sharp needle or hat pin is the best thing. Force it in and you will be astonished to see how easily it will divide the ice.

—By the time the United States court gets through with President Debs he will wish he hadn't done it. Hindering the transmission of the United States mails is a serious offence, as Mr. Debs and his colleagues will find out to their sorrow. He'll have plenty of time to ponder over his mistake while he is rusticating in the penitentiary, and the sooner he is landed there the better for the whole country. The law gives every man perfect freedom in the matter of working or not working for any other man, but whenever he undertakes to hinder other men from exercising the same liberty the law steps in, and it is a righteous law.

$1.00 13 WEEKS. $1.00

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The Cause of Fainting.

Fainting proceeds from different causes, the most common being a disturbance of the circulation of the blood in the brain. For an ordinary fainting fit lay the patient flat. Great harm has often resulted from the treatment by ignorant people in trying to raise the patient sit up, or propping up the head on pillows. To send the blood back from the heart to the brain, the flat position is absolutely necessary. Let the patient lie so that the feet are higher than the head, throw the clothes about the chest and throat open, sponge the face with cold water and give some cold water to drink.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Rians Tabules cure dyspepsia.

IN paint the best is the cheapest. Don't be misled by trying what is said to be "just as good," but when you paint insist upon having a genuine brand of

Strictly Pure White Lead

It costs no more per gallon than cheap paints, and lasts many times as long.

Look out for the brands of White Lead offered you; any of the following are sure:

"Armstrong & McKelvy,"
"Beymer-Bauman,"
"Davis-Chambers,"
"Fahnestock."

FOR COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of strictly Pure White Lead the desired shade; they are in no sense ready-mixed paints, but a combination of perfectly pure colors in the handiest form to tint Strictly Pure White Lead.

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OF CRIPPLE CREEK, COLORADO.

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FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE.

150,000 Shares in Treasury.

The mine is located in the richest portion of the celebrated gold producing district of Cripple Creek, and is held under a United States patent.

Work is carried on day and night, and high grade ore is being taken out in large quantities.

In January, 1894, the Company will begin paying regular monthly dividends at the rate of 2400 per annum on the amount invested.

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AT 50 CENTS PER SHARE.

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BANKERS AND BROKERS,

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You can get this. No inconvenience. Simple, sure. ABSOLUTELY FREE from any injurious substance. LARGE ABDOMENS REDUCED. You can stay thin.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail

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Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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NEW DISCOVERY. NEVER FAILS.

A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 50,000 ladies monthly. Invigorates these organs. Beware of imitations. Name paper. $2. per box, or trial box $1. Sent sealed in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. Sold by Local Druggists. Address: PEFFER MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Chicago, Ill.

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an illustrated monthly magazine with stories, anecdotes, fashions and all articles of interest by the best authors and cash question contests monthly. RUSSELL PUB. CO., 196 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

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Pennsylvania Railroad.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, May 27th, 1894.

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	A.M	P.M
		WESTWARD		
LOCK HAVEN		4 35	9 37	4 15
Flemington—f	1.8	4 39	9 41	4 19
Mill Hall	3.0	4 41	9 43	4 21
Beech Creek	8.3	4 52	9 54	4 32
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 55	9 57	4 35
Howard	14.5	5 04	10 06	4 44
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 10	10 12	4 50
Curtin	19.9	5 14	10 16	4 54
Milesburg	23.5	5 22	10 24	5 02
BELLEFONTE	25.2	5 32	10 34	5 12
Milesburg	28.5	5 42	10 44	5 25
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 45	10 47	5 30
Unionville	28.5	5 52	10 54	5 37
Julian	32.9	6 01	11 03	5 46
Martha	37.0	6 09	11 11	5 54
Port Matilda	40.4	6 17	11 19	6 02
Hannah—f	43.7	6 25	11 27	6 10
Fowler—f	45.0	6 27	11 29	6 12
Diz—f	46.3	6 30	11 32	6 15
Bald Eagle	49.3	6 36	11 38	6 21
Vail	51.2	6 40	11 42	6 25
East Tyrone	53.0	6 44	11 46	6 29
TYRONE	54.3	6 50	11 52	6 35
		EASTWARD		
STATIONS	Dis	A.M	P. M.	P.M.
TYRONE		8 10	2 10	7 25
East Tyrone	1.3	8 16	2 16	7 31
Vail	3.1	8 20	2 20	7 35
Bald Eagle	5.9	8 24	2 24	7 39
Diz—f	8.9	8 30	2 30	7 46
Fowler—f	9.3	8 33	2 33	7 48
Hannah—f	10.6	8 35	2 36	7 50
Port Matilda	13.9	8 42	2 42	7 57
Martha	17.3	8 49	2 49	8 04
Julian	21.4	8 59	2 58	8 13
Unionville	25.8	9 08	3 07	8 22
Snow Shoe Int	29.8	9 17	3 15	8 30
Milesburg	30.8	9 21	3 18	8 33
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 33	3 28	8 43
Milesburg	39.8	9 46	3 38	8 53
Curtin	34.4	9 55	3 46	9 01
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 00	3 50	9 05
Howard	39.3	10 06	3 56	9 11
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 15	4 05	9 20
Beech Creek	45.0	10 18	4 08	9 23
Mill Hall	51.3	10 29	4 18	9 34
Flemington	52.5	10 31	4 21	9 36
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	10 35	4 25	9 40

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect May 27th, 1894.

Westward P.M	Westward A.M	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	Eastward P.M
4 50	10 00	SCOTIA	25.5	9 10	4 10
5 07	10 19	Fairbrook	29.3	9 03	4 02
5 19	10 33	Penna. Furnace	15.2	8 51	3 51
5 25	10 40	Hostler	15.0	8 45	3 45
5 31	10 46	Marengo	13.8	8 40	3 39
5 35	10 51	Loveville	12.1	8 35	3 35
5 41	10 58	Warnock	10.4	8 29	3 29
5 44	11 01	Dungarvin	9.8	8 26	3 26
5 52	11 10	Warriors Mark	7.4	8 18	3 18
6 01	11 20	Pennington	5.1	8 09	3 09
6 12	11 32	Stover	2.1	7 58	2 58
6 20	11 40	TYRONE		7 50	2 50

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE AND BALD EAGLE VALLEY R R—Time Table in effect Nov 20, 1893

Dis.	Westward a.m.	Westward p.m.		Eastward a.m.	Eastward p.m.
0	5.40	1 58	MONTANDON	9.10	4 54
1.5	6.18	2.08	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	9.00	4 47
1.5	6.15	2.08	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar	9.00	4 47
5.4	6.23	2.17	Biehl f	8.51	4.39
6.8	6.28	2.22	Vicksburg f	8.47	4.35
10.7	6.37	2.31	MIFFLINBURG	8.38	4 27
12.1	6.42	2.36	Barber f	8.33	4 22
15.2	6.47	2.41	Strengle f	8.27	4 17
16.1	6.50	2.45	Millmont	8.25	4.15
18.6	6.56	2.51	GLEN IRON	8.17	4 07
23.5	7.07	3.00	Pardee f	8.08	3.59
28.9	7.18	3.11	Cherry Run f	7.57	3.48
32.2	7.27	3.20	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f	7.48	3.40
33.9	7.31	3.23	Ingleby f	7.45	3.37
36.6	7.38	3.29	Coburn	7.38	3.30
39.6	7.45	3.37	Derby f	7.30	3.23
43.4	7.55	3.47	Rising Springs	7.21	3.14
46.2	8.02	3.53	Penn's Cave f	7.14	3.07
49.2	8.09	4.01	CENTRE HALL	7.06	3.01
51.5	8.16	4.07	Gregg f	7.00	2.54
54.6	8.24	4.15	Linden Hall	6.52	2.47
55.7	8.27	4.18	OAK HALL	6.47	2.43
58.5	8.36	4.27	LEMONT	6.43	2.38
59.2	8.37	4.27	Dale Summit f	6.38	2.33
61.9	8.47	4.37	Pleasant Gap f	6.28	2.23
65.2	8.59	4.49	Axemar f	6.25	2.20
67.4	8.55	4.45	BELLEFONTE	6.29	2.1

For rates, maps, etc., call on ticket agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 20th, 1893.

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL	leaves Phila daily	11 20	p m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 37	a m
"	" William'port "	7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore "	7 31	a m
"	" Lock Haven "	7 55	a m
"	" Renovo "	8 55	a m
"	arrives Erie	3 40	p m
NIAGRA EX.	l'ves Phila week d'ys..	8 50	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	12 10	p m
"	arrives at Wmsport "	3 00	p m
"	" Lock Haven "	4 10	p m
"	" Renovo "	5 15	p m
"	" Kane "	9 20	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		4 45	p m
FAST LINE	leaves Phila. week days.	2 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 55	p m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven "	8 07	p m
"	" Renovo "	9 00	p m
NEWS EX.	l'ves Philadelphia daily	4 30	a m
"	" Harrisburg	8 15	a m
"	" Williamsport	11 20	a m
"	arrives at Lock Haven	12 15	p m
Wms'port Ex.	l'vs Phila. week days	4 40	p m
"	" Harrisburg	7 55	p m
"	" arrive Williamsport	10 40	p m
Rochester Exp.	leaves Phila. w'k d's	8 50	p m
"	" Harrisb'g	12 01	a m
"	arrives Williamsp't	2 55	a m
Williamsp't	" leaves Phila. Sun. only	4 50	p m
"	" Harrisb'g	7 55	p m
"	" arrives Williamsp't	10 40	p m

EASTWARD.

Sea Shore Express	l'vs L Haven w	7 15	a m
"	" Jersey Shore.	7 41	a m
"	" Wms'port.....	8 15	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	11 30	a m
"	" Phila.....	3 00	a m
DAY EX.	leaves Kane week days...	6 30	a m
"	" Renovo.....	10 20	a m
"	Lock Haven.....	11 20	a m
"	Williamsport.....	12 30	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 30	p m
"	" Philadelphia...	6 50	p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie daily.....	3 25	p m
"	" Renovo.....	10 35	p m
"	" Lock Haven.....	11 25	p m
"	" Williamsport.....	12 25	a m
"	" arrives at Harrisburg.	3 22	a m
"	" Philadelphia..	6 50	a m
EXP. NO. 6	leaves Erie	7 25	a m
"	" Kane	11 10	a m
"	" leaves Renovo.....	4 45	p m
"	" arrives at Harrisburg...	10 00	p m
"	" Philadelphia.....	4 30	a m
WMS'PORT EXP.	lv.s Wms'port.....	3 25	a m
"	" arrives at Harrisburg.	6 10	a m
"	arrives at Philadelphia....	10 20	a m
Philada. Accom.	leaves Williamsp't	4 00	p m
"	" Harrisburg	7 30	p m
"	" arrives Philada. at	10 15	p m

Erie Mail West, Niagra Express West, a Day Express East make close connection Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Er with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corr with B. P. & W. N. N; at Emporium with N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with B. V R. R.

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AS A MARVELLOUS PREPARATION FOR RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK, SORE THROAT, BRUISES, AND SPRAINS.

Rub well into the affected part, and you will soon be convinced of its efficacy.

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Small box, 20 cents; Medium, 35 cents Large, $1.00.

24-38-21mos

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE

Cures Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases. Known by a tired, languid feeling; inaction of the kidneys weakens and poisons the blood and unless cause is removed you cannot have health. Cured me over five years ago of Brights Disease and Dropsy—Mrs. I. L. C. MILLER, Bethlehem, Pa. 1,000 other similar testimonials. Try it. Cure guaranteed.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE CO., 720 Venango St. Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by all Reliable Druggists. 24,14,26t,eow

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

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SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding three lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash. EDWARD T. TUTEN.

CLEVELAND WARNS RIOTERS.

The President Issued a Proclamation Late Last Night.

Washington, July 8.—At a late hour to-night President Cleveland issued the following proclamation :

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Whereas, by reason of the unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblages of persons, it has become impracticable in the judgment of the president to enforce by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings the laws of the United States within the state of Illinois especially within the city of Chicago within said state.

And, whereas, for the purpose of enforcing the faithful execution of the laws of the United States and protecting its property and removing obstructions to the United States mails in the state and city aforesaid, the president has employed a part of the military forces of the United States.

Now, therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby admonish all persons who may be or may come within the city and state aforesaid, against aiding, countenancing, encouraging, or taking any part in such unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblages ; and I hereby warn all persons engaged in, or in any way connected with such unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblages to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes on or before 12 o'clock, noon, on the ninth day of July instant.

Those who disregard this warning and persist in taking part with a riotous mob in forcibly resisting and obstructing the execution of the laws of the United States, or interfering with the functions of the government, or destroying or attempting to destroy the property belonging to the United States, or under its protection, cannot be regarded otherwise than as public enemies.

Troops employed against such a riotous mob will act with all the moderation and forbearance consistent with the accomplishment of the desired end ; but the stern necessities that confront them will not with certainty permit discrimination between guilty participants and those who are mingled with them for curiosity and without criminal intent. The only safe course, therefore, for those not actually unlawfully participating is to abide at their homes, or at least not to be found in the neighborhood of riotous assemblages.

While there will be no hesitation or vacillation in the decisive treatment of the guilty, this warning is especially intended to protect and save innocent.

In testimony hereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be hereto affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 8th day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and eighteenth.

[Signed] GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the president.

[Signed] W. Q. GRESHAM, Secretary of State.

The proclamation was communicated to General Miles by Secretary Lamont, who telegraphed as follows : "In view of the provisions of statute and for the purpose of giving ample warning to all innocent and well disposed persons, the president has deemed it best to issue the accompanying proclamation to-night. This does not change the scope of your authority and duties, nor your relations to the local authorities. You will please make this known to Mayor Hopkins."

What Debs Says of It.

Chicago, July 8.—President Debs, of the American Railway union, who is in attendance at the conference of national labor chiefs now in session here, was shown the president's proclamation by a United Press reporter at midnight. He said: "So far as the president's proclamation is concerned, I have advised the very same thing from time to time in communications to our men. As to the effect of this proclamation I can only say it is nothing except in so far perhaps as it may mean a plot to place Chicago under martial law at the instigation of the railway companies in furtherance of the latter's plan to destroy public sympathy. This cannot be done. This meeting tonight, will in all probability, last until daylight. I am certain that every union represented, numbering over 100,000 laborers, will vote to strike tomorrow."

PULLMAN WILL NOT ARBITRATE

An Answer Received by a Joint Committee Yesterday.

Chicago, July 9.—The council committee on arbitration and committee of seven appointed at last night's meeting of the trades union met to day. T. J. Elderkin, of the seamen's union, presided. Brief addresses were made by Delegates Hastie, Lindholm and Currie, setting forth the positions of the unions and expressing a clear realization of the gravity of the present situation. Alderman McGillen responded, briefly sketching the fruitless efforts of the committee of arbitration and concluded with the suggestions that, as the Pullman company had said there was nothing to arbitrate, a committee of five to investigate that statement be appointed, which should inquire into the facts and discover if there be grounds for arbitration. He moved that it be the sense of the meeting that such committee should be selected and two members be named by the Pullman company, two by the judges of the circuit court of Cook county, the fifth member to be named by the four so chosen. The meeting voted unanimously in favor of the proposition and a committee composed of Aldermen McCillen, Marrener, Muelhoefer and Powers and Delegates Elderkin, Ryan and Lindholm were appointed to lay the proposition before Vice President Wickes, of the Pullman company, for his acceptance or rejection and report at 4.30 p. m.

"We shall make this offer to the Pullman company," said Alderman McGillen "as representatives of the city of Chicago and its laboring interests. If the company rejects it there will be no longer doubt as to where the responsibility for this grave trouble rests."

Nothing Strange.

Intelligent people, who realize the important part the blood holds in keeping the body in a normal condition, find nothing strange in the number of diseases that Hood's Sarsaparilla is able to cure. So many troubles result from impure blood that the best way to treat them is through the blood, and it is far better to use only harmless vegetable compounds than to dose to excess with quinine, calomel and other drugs. By treating the blood, with Hood's Sarsaparilla, scrofula, salt rheum and what are commonly called "humors;" dyspepsia, catarrh, rheumatism, neuralgia, consumption and other troubles that originate in impurities of the blood or impaired circulation, can all be cured.

Christian Endeavor Convention at Cleveland.

For the benefit and convenience of those wishing to attend the grand reunion of Christian Endeavor Societies at Cleveland from July 11th to 15th, the Pennsylvania Company will run a special train from Pittsburgh at 1.00 P. M. Wednesday, July 11th. This hour will permit of connection being made by people residing east of Pittsburgh with the regular Pacific Express leaving Harrisburg at 3.10 A. M., Altoona 8.00 A. M., Blairsville Intersection 10.11 A. M., Greensburg 11.02 A. M., Braddock 11.47 A. M., and intermediate stations at intermediate time.

This is the only direct route to the beautiful city of Cleveland from this section, and passing, as it does, around the Allegheny Mountains, a most pleasant trip is afforded.

The people quickly recognize merit, and this is the reason the sales of Hood's Sarsaporilla are continually increasing. Hood's is "on top."

The Coming Encampment.

Four weeks from next Saturday the Fifth regiment, to which company B of this city belongs, will be on its way to Gettysburg, where the entire division of the national guard of Pennsylvania, with detachments from the United States army will encamp for eight days, the period fixed by the laws of the state. This will be one of the most notable encampments that has been held for years, and the members of the guard in this city are looking forward to this with the expectation of having an unusually good time.

Hood's Saved My Life

I Can Honestly Say This

"For years I was in a very serious condition with catarrh of the stomach, bowels and bladder. I suffered intensely from dyspepsia, and in fact was a miserable wreck, merely a skeleton. I seemed to go **from bad to worse.** I really wished I was dead. I had no rest day or night. I did not know what to do. I had taken so much medicine of the wrong kind that it had poisoned me, and my finger nails **began to turn black** and come off. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I had faith in the medicine, and it did more for me than all prescriptions. I have gradually **regained perfect health,** am entirely free from catarrh of the bowels, and pain in my back. My recovery is simply marvelous." W. R. YOUNG, Potter's Mills, Pa.

MR. W. R. YOUNG, Potter's Mills, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills relieve distress after eating.

RIOTING IN SCOTTSDALE.

Caused by 100 Armed Negroes Marching Into the Town.

Scottsdale, Pa., July 9.—One hundred armed negroes marched into Scottsdale today. They carried revolvers and clubs. When Burgess Robinson ordered them to disperse they opened fire on him. The burgess called a number of citizens to his assistance and a general riot resulted. The negroes ran, pursued by 1,000 citizens. Fully 200 shots were fired. Two negroes were shot, one fatally and others badly beaten. They escaped to Fayette county and went to McClure's works, where they are said to be recruiting forces preparatory to making an attack on the town. The wildest excitement prevails. The burgess has asked the citizens to arm themselves to repel the anticipated attack. One of the negroes who was shot in the head was brought to Scottdale. Threats of lynchings are heard on all sides.

The Sons of Veterans, armed with rifles, have been called out, and are on guard at the lockup. The negroes are headed by Sanford White, superintendent of the McClure Coke company. They are now at the borough limits, and an armed body of citizens have just gone to meet them. A battle is expected in a short time.

At 9 o'clock a report reached town that the negroes, in command of Sam Ford, an ex-deputy sheriff, were coming back to town, and the citizens prepared for a battle. The burgess called on the Sons of Veterans. They appeared on the street armed with guns and were joined by a company of sixty armed men, who had come up from Everson. There were at least 1,000 men on the streets. Some of the hot heads wanted to march to the works and kill all the negroes in the neighborhood. When it became known that the negroes came only as far as Kifetown and returned to the works, the crowd quieted down.

It is said the negroes are recruiting their forces and will return to-night to rescue those of their number who have been arrested. If they put in an appearance a bloody conflict will result.

Over 100,000 Men Will Strike To-day.

Chicago, July 9.—Grand Master Sovereign and Member Martin, of the executive board, attended a secret conference this afternoon, at which the situation was discussed by the Knights of Labor. A final decision to strike in numbers all over the country was finally adopted. Mr. Sovereign said that every Knight of Labor in the United States would go when called upon to assist the strikers.

One more day of suspense and the city will either be restored to a peaceful condition or riot and anarchy will run loose in the streets. This is the universal verdict as to the outcome of the attempt at arbitration with the Pullman company, which failed today, and the unanimous agreement of all labor organizations to strike in sympathy with the Pullman employees and the American Railway union men unless a settlement of the strike and boycott is effected before four o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The wildest rumors have been flying today as to the probable action of the strikers and the authorities. It is not doubted that over 100,000 men will obey the call to strike as agreed upon at the meeting. Only one union out of the 100 has not agreed to strike and that is the printers.

The gravity of the situation is becoming more apparent in Chicago and as the feeling increases the efforts on the part of disinterested parties to secure a settlement have been redoubled. The news spread broadcast tonight that the hundred or more anarchists in Chicago had not neglected the opportunity to inflame the excited masses with their destructive doctrines, has tended to increase the excitement and suspense.

During the meetings held in Ulrich's hall and elsewhere the past week, representative anarchists have been present in the lobby at all times. Sam Fielden and his friends have been conspicuous and the apparent efforts to reawaken an interest in the anarchist doctrine have been looked upon with fear by both the railway union officials and the authorities.

To-day Will Decide.

Pittsburg, July 9.—To morrow will likely decide definitely whether the railroad men in Pittsburg and vicinity will recognize the call for assistance from President E. V. Debs, of the American Railway union.

John D. Cole, president of the local union, received the following from Chicago :

"You are hereby requested to assist us in the strike by having all employes withdraw from the service. Elect good committee men and wire the name of the chairman of each road. Commit no violence. All employes of all roads will stand together. None will return until all return. We are gaining ground rapidly. Pledge full protection to all whether members or not."

(Signed) E. V. DEBS

President Cole will hold a conference to morrow with Organizers Naylor and Roe, the Chicago representatives of the American Railway union, before returning a final answer to Debs. The indications are that the local union will not at present obey the order. The only road in Pittsburg is the Pittsburg and Western which has a local membership of 460. The membership on other roads is as yet insignificant compared with the whole number of employes. A largely attended meeting of railroad men was held at Glenwood on the Baltimore and Ohio to night. Organizer Naylor addressed the meeting and secured a number of members.

The Greatest Sufferers in the World

are women; their delicate organizations being particularly susceptible to derangement and disease. Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., purifies the blood and cures all the sicknesses peculiar to the sex; it fortifies the system against the diseases incident to old age. It is the best medicine in the world.

Governor Matthews, of Indiana, has set an example prompt action and hearty co-operation in the maintenance of order that is deserving of the highest commendation and general imitation. When disorder broke out in a town just across the Chicogo city line, but in the State of Indiana, without standing on precedents he telegraphed permission to the Illinois authorities to send the already assembled Illinois troops to that point, while he hastened to assemble Indiana troops to suppress the rioters and preserve the peace. Not trusting too much to the tardy action of Illinois authorities, he telegraphs President Cleveland for Federal troops to assist in keeping order in Indiana until its State troops could be mobilized. Governor Matthews is a Democrat, but not of the Altgeld species. He knows that the first duty of a Governor is to put down public disorder. He appreciates that the more prompt and effective is the action of the Executive the more easily is his task performed and peace restored. He does not hesitate to ask and receive help from every proper source. Good for Matthews. Other Governors may profit by his example.

The Father

Of all diseases is impure blood, when loaded with foul humors. How important, then that the blood should be pure, rich, and strong, without which there can be no health. To purify the blood Sulphur Bitters is comparatively the best medicine that it is possible to obtain.—THE EDITOR.

More Railroaders Strike.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 10.—Organizer Charles Naylor, of the American Railway union, ordered the Pittsburg and Western trainmen to strike this morning. He was acting under instruction of President Debs. The men decided to stay at work. They say the only grievance they have against the company is because of their not having received their wages regularly If this disturbing cause was removed it is said the men would not strike.

The freight blockade remains complete. Nothing except for local points will be received by the Pennsylvania company. Cleveland, Toledo and Crestline, on the northwestern system, and Columbus and Cincinnati, on the Pan Handle, make the limits for freight shipments to the west.

The railroad officials were feeling in a better mood to day than at any time since the boycott was declared. They are more confident than ever of having the present enforced blockade of the road raised very soon. The sympathy strike of the trades' unions may be the cause of further delay in settling the strike. If the last order is generally obeyed they expect further decidedly serious trouble.

No matter how hard the times the one thing you cannot afford to go without is ALL the news. If you want ALL the news you get it in the Pittsburgh DISPATCH. The DISPATCH publishes all—not a part only.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

For torpid liver and all other conditions resulting from constipation, go by the book on Beecham's pills. Book free, pills 25c. At drugstores ; or write to B F Allen Co., 365 Canal st, New York.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE—In the Orphan's Court of Centre county, in the matter of the estate of Martin Houser, late of College township, Centre county, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by said court to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, on Tuesday, the 26th day of June, 1894. Parties interested will then and there present their claims or they will be debarred from coming in on said fund. JOHN KLINE, Auditor.

j7 3tw

Sewing Machines.

Mr. J. H. Hill, No. 11 Spring street, Bellefonte, agent for the celebrated Singer sewing machine, which received the highest prize for surerior merit at the World's Fair at Chicago, last year, not only sells this superior machine, but is well equipped to repair all machines of whatever make in a thorough and workman-like manner. All kinds of repairs and needles for all machines kept constantly on hand. If your machine does not work perfectly call or leave orders at our store. J. H. HILL, No. 11 Spring St.

26 6m

THE WINNE-EGAN,

BAKER'S ISLAND,

SALEM, MASS.

The most delightful Summer and Health Resort on our beautiful New England Coast. Opens June 16th. Send for illustrated booklet. Rates moderate.

Dr. NATHAN R. MORSE, Prop.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

HOW TO GET THE FULL AND COMPLETE

PLANS

TO BUILD THE PANSY COTTAGE SHOWN BELOW

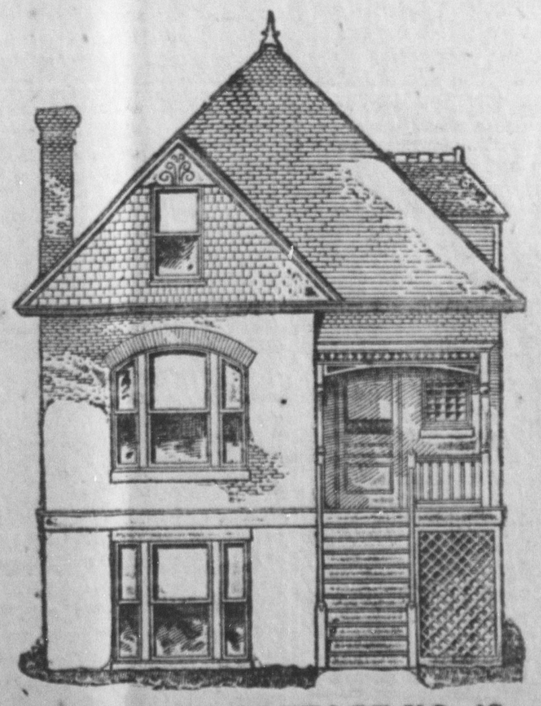
FOR 50 CENTS.

Cut out this Certificate and mail it to our office, with Fifty Cents and

☞This Certificate when accompanied with 50 cents will entitle holder to a full and complete set of Plans with specifications of "THE PANSY COTTAGE."

No. 12.

we will mail plans post paid, neatly wrapped in pasteboard tube.



THE PANSY COTTAGE NO. 12.

This 5-room cottage, besides attic room and bath room, may be built in brick for $1700, or in frame for $1400, the price varying slightly according to locality.

There are very few of our readers who are not interested at all times in building. Even though not contemplating building at all seasons of the year the subject affords so much thought and study, and has so many and varied attractions that it is always of the greatest interest to the majority of the reading public.

We have secured authority to offer the plan of the "Pansy" to subscribers on the above terms, which are such as to justify each and all of our readers to send in orders promptly.

These plans are drawn to a scale and are mechanically correct. They are guaranteed ready to build from and consist of interior sectional view and exterior prospective view, picture of each floor plan, roof and porch, front and side elevations, with full detail sheet, all drawn to a scale for the contractor, with complete and accurate specifications. It will also have an estimate with detailed list and prices of all material used, with full particulars and advice regarding division of cost for various lines of material, instructions to builder, etc. Everything that can be furnished by a competent architect is provided for. The original architect's drawing cost $25.00 and any one of our readers can obtain same by sending to the REPUBLICAN office and Fifty cents and the above certificate clipped from this paper.

It is our intention to issue these plans in serial form. Builders and Architects and all persons interested in building can secure any of the plans advertised on the above condition —**50 cents and a Certificate**—thereby saving upwards of $25.00 which an architect would require for furnishing plans with all the details given in ours. Our readers are thus afforded an opportunity seldom offered, and all interested in building even to the slightest extent, should not hesitate to take advantage of this offer.

These plans are under the personal supervision of James Hennerty.

Send in orders for **"The Pansy Cottage"** promptly before supply becomes exhausted. Address REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa.

A NOTEWORTHY PUBLICATION.

The Souvenir Book of the Twenty-Eighth Annual Encampment of Grand Army of the Republic.

A feature of the approaching National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, at Pittsburgh, Pa., September 10th to 15th next will be the souvenir book. It is now in press and is being issued under the direction of the Committee on Printing. It will contain 160 pages, 9x12 inches in magazine form, printed on enameled paper. The covers will be illustrative of the various branches of the G. A. R, in red, white and blue, and of the city of Pittsburg, in black, yellow and white. The book will be artistically arranged and profusely illustrated. It will contain the official program during Encampment week, a roster of all the posts and headquarters of all organizations, reunions, camp-fires, route of parade and official orders. A number of pictures covering the war time in Pittsburgh and the early days of the city will be produced, along with pretty bits of scenery in the parks of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, views of some of the principal streets, with the public buildings and handsome residences. In addition there will be a history of the two cities and of the G. A. R. and auxiliary organizations.

The edition of the book will number 100,000 copies, the paper alone weighing 120,000 pounds and requiring five freight cars to transport it. As a means of controlling the circulation of the book it is to be sold at 10 cents per copy, and though it will not be out for more than a month yet, yet, W. W. Colville, secretary of the Printing Committee, has already filled a number of orders.

The C. E. Conference.

Cleveland, O., July 10.—Secretary Baer of the United States Society of Christian Endeavor, arrived in the city from Boston this noon and said: All reports or rumors to the contrary, the annual Christian Endeavor convention will be held in this city July 11—15. Postponement is impossible Cleveland cannot arrange for it later, nor can another programme be selected, nor can hundreds of other details be arranged in the time required to announce a postponement.

President Clark and a number of the trustees and two special trains of over 400 delegates started from Boston this noon. Thousands, particularly in the far west and south who have planned to go for months, must of necessity give up their trip on account of the blockaded railroads. Cleveland is all ready for the convention and can easily accommodate 35,000 people. Even today, with some delegations blockaded, the convention promises to be fairly well attended, especially as large delegations start today from New York, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Maryland and all central states.

Another Crank Heard From.

Philadelphia, July 10.—Police Surgeon Andrews this evening sent Fred Max Toepfer to Blockly a dangerous insane man. His crime consisted of writing threatening letters to President and Mrs. Cleveland. Until three months ago he was an inmate of the Utica, N. Y. insane asylum, but was discharged as cured and came to this city. Recently he wrote to Dr. Bloomer, of the Utica asylum, that he had demanded a situation from President Cleveland. His letter was full of obscenity, and Dr. Bloomer sent it to Attorney General Olney at Washington. Mr. Olney forwarded it to United States Marshal Colesberry, and he sought the aid of District Attorney Graham, who caused Toepfer's arrest. At the hearing Toepfer said he had written several times to both President and Mrs. Cleveland. He asked for a position and proposed to have one. In case of a refusal he intended to wrest the presidency from Mr. Cleveland and assume the office himself. Dr. Andrews pronounced the man insane with strong homicidal tendencies, and he was at once committed to Brockley asylum.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY, }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes an oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary public.*

{SEAL}

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co. Sold by druggists, 75c. Toledo, O.

DEBS IS ARRESTED.

Charged with Obstructing the Mails and Other Offenses.

Chicago, July 10.—Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway union; George W. Howard, vice president; Sylvester Keliher, secretary; L. W. Rogers, director and editor of the The Railway Times, and James Murwin, an engineer, who is said to have thrown a switch on the Rock Island road sometime ago endangering the lives of many persons, were arrested this afternoon on warrants sworn out pursuant to indictments issued by the federal grand jury, which convened to-day at 12 o'clock. The full list of indictments were as follows: Eugene V. Debs, George W. Howard, Sylvester Keliher, L. W. Rodgers, James Murwin, Lloyd Hotchkins, A. Paizyback, H. Elfil, James Hammond, William Smith, John Westerbrook, Charles Naylor, John Duffy, William McMullen, E. Shelby, Fred Ketchmam and John W. Doyle.

All, with the exception of the first four named, had been arrested and arraigned before United States Commissioner Hoyne, prior to the returning of the indictment, and are out on bail. They are accused of interfering with the business of the United States, obstructing the mails, and also of preventing and hindering the execution of laws of the United States.

At the time the labor leaders were brought in Judge Woods was in chambers and Judge Grosscup soon followed. There was a brief discussion as to the amount of bond that would be satisfactory and the amount was finally fixed at $10,000 each.

Friends of Debs immediately began to scurry around, and there was a general movement on the part of the prominent politicians to assist in the case. William Stakel, William Fitzgerald, known as "Black Bill," formerly the south town assessor and a leading Democratic politician; William O'Brien, formerly partner of Alderman Powers in the saloon business, and also a politician, were soon promenading the corridors of the federal building.

In the meantime Marshal Arnold's men had been busy collecting evidence. A subpoena duces tecum had been issued for J. C. Haines, who is one of Debs' assistants in the American Railway union headquarters in the Ashland block. Deputy Marshal White was given the paper to serve, and the marshal's office effected a junction with the postal authorities to make a clean sweep.

On entering the room where the office business of the American Railway union is conducted the deputy read the subpoena and then the search began. The officers had a small sack and they gathered everything in sight and threw it in a heap and then the private correspondence of the office was gathered in. The mass of confiscated matter was taken to the federal building and carefully deposited in the vaults of the district attorney's office, to be used in the trial at the October term of court.

Another Fight.

Ladd, Ills., July 10.—The first lives were lost in Bureau county coal fields to day as an outcome of the present trouble. The record is two killed and five injured. They are:

Killed—Dominick Balmore, Italian; John Laloti, Italian, both shot by regulars.

Injured—Walter Gregory, deputy, two ribs broken and badly bruised; Lush Kolp deputy, shot in the thigh; S. T. Powell, deputy, shot twice in the face; unknown Italian rioter, shot by Powell; unknown rioter, hand and arm badly lacerated by bayonet.

The regulars were guarding a passenger train on the Rock Island, being on their way through the city from Chicago to Beaureau Junction. The anarchists gathered on the hill and commenced stoning the train as soon as it arrived in the depot. They were ordered to stop and upon refusing a volley was fired and two of their number was shot dead. Powell was returning from Spring Valley where he had taken a load of deputies, when rioters opened fire upon him from ambush. Four shots were fired, two taking effect in his face. He returned four shots and seriously injured, if not killed, one man. The depredations are committed by non-English speaking men. Bureau county is in a state of great excitement to night.

Col. Clark,

U. S. Army writes: For the last two years, my health has been excellent; this, I think, is due to my using Sulphur Bitters, as formerly my health was miserable, owing to the frequent changes of climate, etc., so incident to a soldier's life.

SOVEREIGN'S PROCLAMATION.

Some Excerpts From a Famous Labor Document Issued Last Night.

Chicago, July 10.—The manifesto of General Master Workman Sovereign to the Knights of Labor as issued tonight contains among other things the following:

"A crisis has been reached in the affairs of this nation that endangers the peace of the republic. Every fibre in our civil structure is strained to the breaking point. The shadow of factional hatred hovers over our fair land with terrible forebodings.

The arrogant lash of superiority is being applied by the corporations with relentless fury and the chasm between the masses and classes is growing deeper and wider with each succeeding day. If peace is restored and this nation saved from acts repulsive to the conscience of Christian people, there must be wise action, and that quickly.

In the present strained relations between corporations and their employes is involved a principal near and dear to all true Americans—the right of labor to present its grievances to the owners and representatives of corporation's capital. The Pullman company refuses to arbitrate the differences between itself and its employes on the ground that cars were built below cost and therefore there is nothing to arbitrate. But the conclusion of every unprejudiced mind must be that if such was the fact it could have nothing to fear at the hands of an arbitration committee.

Mr. Pullman cries poverty to his starving employes and then retreats to his princely summer mansion on the St. Lawrence and wires the business men of Chicago that he has nothing to arbitrate.

If the present strike is lost to labor it will retard the progress of civilization and reduce the possibilities of labor to ever emancipate itself from the thraldom of greed.

The dignity of labor and all the victories now in the past are at steak in this conflict.

I beseech you to be true to your obligations in this hour of trial. Court the cooperation of a generous public, stand firm and united in our united cause and the victory will be one of peace and prosperity for the faithful.

[Signed] J. S. SOVEREIGN,
Grand Master Workman.

Marriage Licenses.

Following is the list of marriage licenses granted by the register of Centre county during the past week:

Stephen Kaserak and Elizabeth Ucaky, of Philipsburg.

Samuel L. Condo, of Rebersburg, and Mary Jane Kleckner, of Mifflinburg, Union Co.

Walter H. Weaver, of Clearfield, and Mary A. Baney of Snow Shoe.

Elmer E. Owens and Lizzie Swartz both of Philipsburg.

J. F. Watson, of Clarence, and Stella B. Kelley, of Snow Shoe.

Harry E. Fleisher and Ellen M. Confer, both of Potter twp.

Harry Hull, of Bellefonte, and Mary Glenn, of Snow Shoe.

James I. Bryan and Melissa Barger, both of Boggs twp.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

TRADE MARK

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

The Spring Tonic
Makes thin, pale, sickly people well and strong.

La Grippe
Cures the bad after effects of this trying epidemic and restores lost vigor and vitality.

Impure Blood
Eczema, scrofula, malaria, pimples, blotches.

General Weakness
Constitution all run down, loss of ambition and appetite, nervousness, tired and sleepless.

At Druggists 50 cents and $1.00 Size.
"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.
DR. KILMER & Co., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

WALDORF HOTEL, N. Y.
References:
WILLIAM NEIL, Manager.
management.
16th. New
reduced. Open June
in every particular. Price
Fine spring water. First class
Best location on the ocean front;

THE BEACH HOUSE,
SEA GIRT, NEW JERSEY.

R.B.U. Rochester, (N. Y.) Business University. Summer School. Business and Shorthand Courses. Enter any time. Address "Secretary." Circulars free to anyone.

SCARBORO BEACH, Scarboro, Me.
THE KIRKWOOD,
C. D. DRESSER, Propr.
Scarboro Beach is one of the finest on the New England coast—presenting as it does, an unbroken stretch of over two miles, affording all the delights of Surf Bathing, without the dangerous accompaniment of an undertow.

DON'T BE IMPOSED UPON, when you ask for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Go to a reliable dealer. He'll sell you what you want. The ones who have something else to urge upon you in its place are thinking of the extra profit they'll make. These things pay *them* better, but they don't care about *you.*

None of these cheap substitutes is "just as good" as the "Discovery." That is the only blood-cleanser, flesh-builder, and strength-restorer so far-reaching and so unfailing in its effects that it can be *guaranteed.* In the most stubborn Skin, Scalp, or Scrofulous Affections, or in every disease that's caused by a torpid liver or by impure blood—if it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

Nothing else, at any price, is really as *cheap.* You pay only for the *good* you get.

RATHER RISKY—the offer that's made by the proprietors of Doctor Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Risky for *them.* For *you,* if you have Catarrh, it's a certainty. You're certain to be cured of it, or to be paid $500. That's what they offer, and in good faith—they cure you, or pay you, no matter how bad your case, or of how long standing.

A Vision of WONDERLAND!

The Little Brownies,

those mischevious but kindly children immortalized in nursery tales, have been recently reported as taking a tour of the wild and picturesque scenery of America. The idea was long delayed, and undoubtedly came to them through a chance examination of the **most wonderful and beautiful publication of the age, the magnificent pictographic scenic serial,** Entitled:

Glimpses of America,

Which the REPUBLICAN is now distributing among its patrons.

It is a sad commentary upon popular taste that Americans know less about the scenery of their own country than that of European lands, probably because travel in the far West has not been attended with such comforts as journeys through the old countries. But no reason is longer available to excuse ignorance of the THE INCOMPARABLE, THE IMPRESSIVE, THE TRULY MARVELOUS SCENERY of our wondrously diversified country, because **"Glimpses of America"** is a photographic album, comprising the grandest pictures of the most sublime objects that the human ever beheld.

They are not wood-cuts, or sketches, but large and perfect photographs of actual scenes, bewilderingly magnificent, imposing sights of the Rocky Mountains, the peaks, canons, waterfalls, valleys, lakes an cataracts of that great continental range, and of equally wonderous views on the great plains, Pueblo villages, burning deserts, immense forests; marvels of the Yosemite; picturesque, but almost inaccessible regions of the Northwest; of Alaska's glaciers and Indian towns; of the Yellowstone Park Geysers and curiosities; of Superior's Sculptured shores and Wisconsin's romantic dells; of Canada and the clevages, cascades, whirlpools and deep forests of the Northeast; of Eastern mountains, frothy streams, dashing rivers, and great precipices; of dreamy languorous scenes in the land of the flamingo, where the mocking-bird hides in the perfume-laden snow of the orange tree, and the sun kisses the banana into golden fruitage.

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Every American who loves his Country should possess a copy.

THE RAILROAD STRIKE.

Mail Trains Were Running on Better Time Yesterday.

Chicago, July 4.—So far as any action, official or otherwise, on the part of the American Railway union is concerned the great strike is apparently no nearer its end to-night than at dusk of yesterday. By the same token the members of the General Managers' association, secure in the knowledge that the presence of federal troops would hold the strikers at bay and prevent any attempt at destruction of property, have been content to maintain comparatively passive attitude for the twenty-four hours of the natural holiday. But their supreme effort to regain control of the business will be inaugurated to morrow and it is recognized by both sides as a certainty that the crisis must and will be reached before the end of the week.

Improvement noted yesterday in the movement of passenger traffic on many of the roads under the union's ban was maintained to day. On the Northwestern the regular schedule for through and suburban traffic was closely adhered to, and overland trains with the hated Pullman cars attached rolled in and out of the depot with the employes seeming oblivious to the boycott. The Northwestern was also successful in getting out several stalled freight trains of the roads entering in the union depot were also being moved on fairly good time. The Illinois Central brought in and took out its through trains and created joy in the hearts of tens of thousands of suburbanites by the announcement that its big suburban traffic would be resumed to morrow, if possible.

The Rock Island and Lake Shore roads, and those having their terminals in the Dearborn street station, were the worst sufferers. All trains were badly delayed. Reports late to-night are to the effect that two through Lake Shore trains and a Rock Island passenger are stalled near the city limits, and that a crowd detached the Pullman sleepers from an east bound express train at Hammond, Ind. The remainder of the train proceeded on its way. The action of the goverament in ordering out the regular troops had had a salutary effect, although up to a late hour no necessity for calling them into active service had arisen at any local point. At Blue Island the appearance of the regulars completely overawed the mob, and the Rock Island was led so pratically lift the passenger blockade.

United States Troops.

Washington, July 4 —United States troops are in the field in active operation against the striking employes at Chicago, Los Angeles, Cal., Raton, N. M., and Trinidad, Col. threatening danger at Helena, Montana, a call for state troops from the United States marshal at Sacramento, Cal., to protect railroad property, and requests from various district attorneys in Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, California and other states for authority to file injunctions under the trust law of 1890. This is the present condition of the railroad strike as gathered from official dispatches received by the attorney general and the war department. It is not anticipated this morning that troops will be needed at any other point than those mentioned, except at Helena, Mont., to quell disorder and to prevent the destruction of property.

All the advices received by the attorney general indicate that a truce has been called between the railroads and the strikers. No acts of violence or open collisions have been reported at any point. The attorney general this morning telegraphed to United States District Attorney Milchrist at Chicago to have the grand jury convene as soon as possible, under that indictments may be found against President Debs and other officials of the American Railway union in conformity in conformity with the omnibus injunction issued by the United States district court at Chicago.

Commenting on this action the attorney general said: "We have been brought to the ragged edge of anarchy and it is time to see whether the law is sufficiently strong to prevent this condition of affairs. If not the sooner we know it the better, that it may be changed."

Prendergast Will Have to Hang.

Chicago, July 3.—The jury in the Prendergast trial to day found the prisoner not insane, and he will hang July 13. Shortly after his return to his cell, where he was led by sailor Price, a United Press reporter called to see Prendergast, who, in reply to a question, said: "I thank the United Press for its interest and will say that the verdict of the jury finding me sane is entirely correct and I am satisfied with it. Bear in mind that the questions of guilt or innocence were not in this case and the verdict has nothing to do with that. That I am sane I have always maintained and the jury's verdict, I say, is entirely satisfactory. As to the effect of that verdict I do not care to say anything."

Earthquake in Japan.

Vancouver, B. C., July 4.—The steamship Empress of China arrived this morning from Yokohoma with the following oriental advices: "A severe earthquake occurred at Tokio and Yokohoma on the 20th ult., causing destruction of life and property. The ground cracked and sunk in eighty-six places, the cracks being seven and eight inches wide and from three to four feet deep. One hundred and seventy-six chimneys were thrown down and thirty-nine houses demolished and over 3,000 damaged. Twenty persons were killed and 277 were wounded.

A disastrous fire occurred at Yokohama on the 17th ult. The fire broke out at 2 p. m. and was not extinguished until 7 p. m. One thousand and ninety-four houses were destroyed and some fifty more were damaged by fire and water. One man was killed and three injured, one seriously.

The Western Trouble.

It is entirely safe to assume that organized labor does not question the right of the United States government to see to it that the United States mails are not interfered with in transit. We take it for granted that organized labor also assents to the general proposition that railroad companies have an inalienable right to operate their lines no matter what dispute they may have with their employes. This being the case, the striking employes of the western lines should be the last to complain of the arrest of men who have interfered with traffic upon the railways, or to question the wisdom of the federal government in ordering the regular troops to the scene of the railroad blockades. These legal proceedings are not taken to compel men to do work who do not want to work, but to free the blockaded mails and to open railways maintained for the benefit of the public.

It is further safe to assume that the railway managers do not question the right of their employes to strike, however much they may question the justice of their action. The right of employes as an organization to strike has been affirmed by the courts. The question that will be tested by the ordering out of troops and the issuing of injunctions in the west is not the right of men to quit work, however large their numbers and however widespread their effect, but their right to prevent other men working by acts of intimidation, or violence, or by threats. That is the whole situation in a nutshell as far as it effects the interests of organized labor based upon sound principles. There are some other phases of the situation which is greatly to be feared will inflict lasting injury to the cause of labor as an organization.

Nearly Two Hundred Drowned.

Buda Pesth, July 4.—A shocking disaster occured on the river Theis, near Nyiregihvhazi, Hungary, to day, resulting in the loss of nearly two hundred lives. A ferry boat with about two hundred persons on board was being drawn across the river by means of a chain. The chain parted and its snapping caused a panic on board the boat, in the midst of which the vessel capsized from being overweighted on one side. All of the occupants of the boat were thrown into the river and most of them were drowned. Only about a dozen known to have been saved.

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When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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THE MAINSPRING OF HER LIFE.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

Few people realize this.

What can she do, where can she go, so long as that dreadful backache saps both strength and ambition?

She cannot walk or stand, her duties are heavy burdens, and she is utterly miserable.

The cause is some derangement of the uterus or womb. Backache is the sure symptom.

For years Sarah Holstein, who lives at 7 Perry Street, in Lowell, Mass., suffered with falling of the womb. The best doctors failed to relieve her, and as a last resort she purchased six bottles of *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound. Now she is a well woman.

The dreadful pain in her back stopped after taking the second bottle. She wishes she had taken it sooner, and saved both money and years of suffering.

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KILLED HIS PARENT.

Van Pritchitt Fired Two Bullets Into His Father, Who Was Forcing His Mother to Play a Piano.

Nashville, Tenn., July 4.—H. Clark Pritchitt was fatally shot by his son, Van Pritchitt, at the Pritchett country residence, four miles from this city on the Murfreesboro turnpike, Monday night about 9 o'clock. He died the next morning at 3 o'clock.

Clark Pritchitt was insisting that his wife continue playing on the piano. She had been playing for some time and was tired out. Clark was very drunk. Van was more sober than his father, but had been drinking. Temple O'Harris, jr., a friend of Clark, was present, but he was intoxicated and had his back turned.

The Pritchitt home has a wide front hall. The piano is opposite the stairway. At the time of the tragedy Mrs. Pritchitt was at the piano, and Clark Pritchitt was near the foot of the steps, while Van was walking about. It seems that Clark kept forcing his wife to play the piano, notwithstanding her weariness.

Van took exception to something his father did or said. For several days Clark had been on a continued spree, and his behavior had become disgraceful. He was beyond all control. It is thought Clark rushed on his son and that Van drew a pistol and fired. Clark dodged. The ball entered at the upper corner of the ear, just where it joins the head, ranged around behind that organ and came out. It struck the plastering on the wall and dropped to the floor.

Again the young man raised the pistol and fired. Clark was in a stooping position. The ball struck in the angle below the breast, severed the stomach in two places and came out over the hip. The wounded man staggered and fell.

Surgeon were summoned and an operation was performed to stop internal bleeding, but nothing could save the wounded man. After the shooting Van Pritchitt jumped into his buggy and came to town. After taking numerous drinks at various saloons he wound up in a disorderly house, where he was arrested.

Clark Pritchitt was the son of the late Samuel Prichitt, one of the wealthiest men in middle Tennessee.

Humanity At The Soda Fountain.

"It is remarkable how a man gets to know just what the people want," said the soda water boy in a large uptown drug store. "When you see a woman come in it is 10 to 1 that she wants vanilla ice cream soda. You never saw a woman yet that took soda without ice cream. Men have not got time for that sort of thing. If they want ice cream they are not going to dawdle over 3 cents' worth covered with foam—not by a good deal. They will go to a restaurant.

"But women are different. They like to fiddle and fuss the spoon around after the last bit of the cream and look at themselves in the glass over the fountain at the same time. You know when women are shopping they often have to get a soda so as to kind of have a mirror and get fixed up.

"The school girls always call for chocolate with ice cream—invariably. The small boys are just like the girls. Now, a business man wants something to quench his thirst and that he can get down quickly, consequently he takes an orange or lemon phosphate or elee a mineral water—usually vichy.

"The old men drink mostly callisaya. It is a kind of a tonic—made from a bark and contains about a grain of quinine and 20 per cent. alcohol. Consequently it is sort of a bracer. Ministers, too, usually drink that, and once in awhile they wink at me when they call for it. Cocoa wine, too, is popular with the old folks.

"Whenever I see a man or woman that look like hayseeds come in I always get ready to give them a sarsaparilla cream. They kind of fight shy of the other things. They want something, and run their eyes down the list. They light on sarsaparilla cream; that seems familiar and safe, and they call for it. It used to be thought that sarsaparilla possessed great medicinal powers, but that idea has been exploded. The hayseeds think they are still getting a medicine and a quenched thirst all for ten cents, and it tickles them."

The Cost of Steamship Speed.

Although there have been few record-breaking passages across the Atlantic so far this summer those who have kept track of such things have observed that the big racers of the principal passenger lines make trip after trip in time that would have made records last season. This proves that while fast steaming is very expensive, yet it is made to pay. Experience has taught the managers of steamship lines that the waste and extravagance of high speed is compensated for by the premium travelers are willing to pay for the saving in time and the lessening of the horrors of sea sickness.

One of the mysteries of the Atlantic ferry is how the various companies can afford to invest so much money in the monster steamships which now make the trip from land to land in five and one-half days, when the coal consumption is over four hundred tons a day. The Great Eastern, which was supposed to have settled the problem forever against mammoth steamers, was only a few feet longer than the latest Cunarders True, she was nearly one-third wider, and her displacement was nominally one-third greater. But her engines were liliputian beside the the powerful triple expansion engines which drive her great modern successors

oughthe water at the rate of twenty-
knots an hour.

he explanation of the gradual increase
he size of ocean steamships, contrary
the verdict after the failure of the
at Eastern, is to be found in the fact
t the cost of speed decreases as the size
he ship increases. For example: It
uires engines of ten horse power to
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nty-two knot English torpedo boats up
their speed. It only takes engines of
000 horse power to drive the great
000 ton Cunarders 22 knots an hour.
is is equivalent to 1½ horse power per
.

How far this principal can be carried
d carried with profit is something ship-
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oping forward, increasing the size of
ir ships and driving them through the
ter with improved and more powerful
gines all the time. Measured in miles
e 600 miles a day notch has long ago been
ssed. How long will it be before it is
0 knots no one dare predict, but that it
ll not be long all authorities on marine
gineering agree.

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11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases	.25
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness	.25
34	Sore Throat, Quinsy, Ulcerated Throat	.25

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DR. DU MONT'S FEMALE REGULATING PILLS are always safe and reliable. 12,000 testimonials from all over the world. Beware of dangerous substitutes and imitations. Price $2.00 per package. Sent by mail securely sealed from observation.
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ELY'S Cream Balm
Cleanses the Nasal Passages,
Allays Pain and Inflamation,
Heals the Sores,
Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell.

CATARRH

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TRY THE CURE.
A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggist; by mail, registered, 60 cts.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

BUGGIES at ½ Price
CARTS & HARNESS.
$37 Top Buggy ... $27 | We Cut the
$65 Phaeton ... $34 | PRICES and
4 Pass. Top Surrey $40 | outsell ALL
$50 Road Wagon, $25 | competitors.
$15 Road Cart ... $8.50 | Buy of the
$30 Buggy Harness, $2.85 | factory and save
$10 Buggy " $4.75 | Middleman's
$50 Team " $12.50 | profit.
Morgan Saddle, $1.85 | Cat'g'e Free.
U. S. BUGGY & CART CO.
2 to 12 Lawrence St., Cincinnati, O.

—The next holiday will be Labor day.

—Raspberries are now a plentiful commodity in market.

—Fourth of July railroad travel this year did not reach the proportions of some former years.

—The sea shore now seems to be the chosen place of attraction, and all who can are traveling that way.

—The "booming" fourth is over. Now let everybody get down to business and try to make trade boom.

—Pat Ryan makes a dandy looking drum major in his gaudy uniform. And Pat can swing the Baton as good as the average major.

—What a lot of people there are who sleep very late on the 5th of July. At least, it was very late when they got around to their several places of business.

—Mr. George S. Good, of near Lock Haven, expects to gather over five hundred bushels of currants from his bushes this year. A pretty large crop of the small fruit.

—Mr. John Ardell has removed the fence in front of his property on Linn street, filled the yard up and put new sod on and it now presents quite an improved and handsome appearance.

—The old boardwalk along the race, leading from the Bush House to Crider's plaining mill, has been replaced with a new one. And just in time, too; as the old one was in a very delapidated condition.

—Miss Ella Watt, daughter of an Altoona man, committed suicide in Williamsport on Wednesday evening. The only cause known was her loneliness and apparently homeless condition. As the family is poor the body was buried by Lycoming county.

—The Johnstown Herald says: As the direct result of the marriage of first cousins, three of the children of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Randolph, of that place, have been sent to homes for feeble minded children; another will be committed to a similiar institution within a few days; three have died from congenital effects, and the remaining members of the family are imbeciles.

—An exchange hits the nail on the head in the following: "We were a little surprised a few days ago to find $50 in the road besides a hedge at the corner of a prominent farmer's home and more so to find that it had lain there several months unmolested, and beginning to look the worse for exposure. The money was in shape of a mowing machine that will have to be replaced with a new one before many years unless cured for better than that."

—The Port Matilda band, at its picnic and festival on Wednesday, had a most delightful time and realized quite a snug little sum. Chief addresses suitable to the occasion were made by Aaron Williams, Esq., and Recorder W. G. Morrison. Mr. Curt. Thompson was also booked for a speech, but he must have lost himself, as he never appeared at the picnic. The band is now considering the advisability of offering a standing reward for him to be delivered to them by July 4th, 1895.

—While racing on his bicycle at Hunter's Park Wednesday afternoon Mr. John Sebring met with a painful accident. He was riding a light Monarch, wooden-rimmed wheel racer, and was in the act of spurting near the close of the race. To get around some of the other riders he was obliged to ride out and getting too close the edge of the track he struck a stone smashing the front wheel of his machine. He was thrown quite a distance and was run over by Wetzel. His one limb, and arm and shoulder were badly bruised and cut, but no bones were broken, and it is believed he will be all right in a day or two.

A YOUNG GIRL'S FORTUNE.

AN INTERESTING SKETCH.

Nothing appeals so strongly to a mother's affection as her daughter just budding into womanhood. Following is an instance: "Our daughter, Blanche, now 15 years of age, had been terribly afflicted with nervousness, and had lost the entire use of her right arm. She was in such a condition that we had to keep her from school and abandon her music lessons. In fact, we feared St. Vitus dance, and are positive but for an invaluable remedy she would have had that terrible affliction. We had employed physicians, but she received no benefit from them. The first of last August she weighed but 75 pounds, and although she has taken only three bottles of Nervine she now weighs 106 pounds; her nervousness and symptoms of St. Vitus dance are entirely gone, she attends school regularly, and studies with comfort and ease. She has recovered complete use of her arm, her appetite is splendid, and no money could procure for our daughter the health Dr. Miles' Nervine has brought her.

When my brother recommended the remedy I had no faith in patent medicines, and would not listen to him, but as a last resort he sent us a bottle, we began giving it to Blanche, and the effect was almost immediate."—Mrs. R. R. Bullock, Brighton, N. Y.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5, express prepaid. It is positively free from opiates or dangerous drugs.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

How it was Celebrated by Bellefonters—The Day at Hunter's Park.

Wednesday was the glorious 4th of July, and consequently the day generally observed and celebrated by all. In Bellefonte all business was suspended. The merchants closed their stores and everybody gave themselves up to the celebration of the day in their own chosen way. Some few went to Millheim; a large number went to Mill Hall, but the greater crowd went to Hunter's Park and celebrated the day with the Young Men's Christian association. The first train in the morning conveyed quite a number up; the next train was well filled and the train going up at 10.50 was crowded to its utmost capacity. On this train was the Bellefonte band, the boys looking resplendent in their new uniforms. By noontime the crowd on the ground must have numbered fifteen hundred and it was a jolly good natured crowd. There was plenty of dinner for everybody and all seemed to be enjoying themselves.

At 1.15 o'clock in the afternoon another train load went to the park and during the afternoon several more, and the town was almost deserted. In the afternoon the time at the park was entirely occupied with a full program of sports, the first on the list being a game of base ball (a report of which will be found elsewhere.) Then came the bicycle and other races, as follows:

One-half mile novice bicycle race. The contestants were John Sebring, L. C. Wetzel, G. L. Williams and Harry Yeager. Sebring met with an accident by the breaking of his wheel and the race was won by Williams, Yeager coming in second. Time, 2:33.

The second event was a 100 yards dash. First, Bosner; second, Culveyhouse; third, Ed. Hughes.

¼ mile dash bicycle race. 1st, A. L. Shaeffer; 2nd, L. C. Wetzel; 3d, Harry Yeager.

Wheelbarrow race: first, Allie Maitland; second, P. Shaeffer.

½ mile run: first, Heylmun; second, Bell; third, L. Hughes.

One mile open bicycle race: Scratch—A. L. Shaeffer, 1st; 50 yards—L. C. Wetzel 2nd; 50 yards—Harry Yeager 3rd.

Blindfold wheelbarrow race: first, Grenninger; second, L. Hughes.

Three-legged race: Heylmun and P. Shaeffer.

Two-mile bicycle race: Scratch—Shaeffer, time, 6:10; 100 yards—Wetzel; 200 yards—Williams; 200 yards—J. Harris.

Sack race: first, Grenninger, second, L. Hughes.

The prizes awarded in the bicycle races were Shaeffer, silver cup, cyclometor and gold sleeve links. Wetzel, L. A. W. button, silver match box and cycle pedals. Williams, bicycle lamp and cycle lock. Yeager, sweater. The numerous other prizes were distributed among the successful contestants in the other races.

After the races and sports were ended the crowd gave themselves up to pure social enjoyment until late in the evening when there was a brilliant display of fireworks. During the afternoon the Bellefonte band kept things lively with some of the finest music rendered by any band in the state. In all the day was a most successful one. The Bellefonte Central railroad transferred about fifteen hundred people to and from the park, and the Y. M. C. A. realized about $265.00 as their receipts for the day. Of course, some of this will have to go to pay the expenses incurred, but the Association will likely clear $175.

Death of David Osman.

David Osman, an aged and well known resident of State College, died at his home in that place on Monday morning of diseases incident to advanced age, he being in the 79th year of his life. The deceased is survived by four sons and one daughter—J. F. Osman, of First avenue and Ninth street, Altoona; John Kinney, Lemuel and Mrs. Slagle, wife of Weston Slagel, all of State College. The deceased was a member of the Lutheran church, with which he had been connected many years. The funeral took place on Wednesday, the 4th at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

James Rupert Injured.

On Wednesday James Rupert, a young man, son of Mr. Levi Rupert, of Eagleville was at Mill Hall attending the fourth of July celebration in that place. He got on the Bald Eagle mail train to come to his home in the evening, and in some way was carried past Eagleville. This morning the unfortunate young man was found lying along the railroad track near Howard, his right foot badly crushed and a cut on his head. He had evidently either attempted to jump off the train or had fallen off and was run over sustaining the above mentioned injuries. He was taken to his home near Eagleville and his right foot was amputated this morning. The physicians are fearful lest his injuries prove fatal.

Trial Trip of the New Class P Engine

The new class P engine turned out of the Juniata shops a few days ago was given a trial trip on the mountain yesterday afternoon. It went as far as Gallitzin and returned. On board the engine and a coach which it hauled were prominent railroad officials among whom were General Superintendent of Motive Power Casanavo, Superintendent Bannard and Mechanical Engineer Vogt. The mountain test proved the merits of the new engine, which is a marvel in its way, big massive in construction, with two six feet driving wheels on each side. It will be used on the middle division to haul Chicago and St. Louis Express.—*Altoona Times.*

Y. M. C. A vs Milesburg.

One of the attractions at Hunter's Park on Wednesday was a game of base ball between the Y. M. C. A. and Milesburg clubs. The former were easy victors, but for the result read the following score:

Y. M. C. A.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Curtin, G., 3	1	1	0	1	1
Harper, m	1	1	0	0	0
Hastings, c	1	3	3	0	0
Curtin, M., ss	0	2	1	0	0
Ryan, 1	1	1	16	1	1
Saylor, p	1	0	3	0	0
McGarrah, 2	1	2	2	0	0
Runkle, l	1	2	2	0	0
Woodcock, r	0	1	0	0	1
Total	7	13	27	3	3

Milesburg	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Holmes, 2	0	0	5	1	1
Boggs, l	0	1	6	0	0
Grey, p	0	2	0	10	0
Campbell, c	0	0	1	2	1
Proudfoot, m	0	2	1	1	1
McLaughlin, 1	1	2	12	0	5
Esingtan, 3	0	0	2	3	3
McKinley, ss	0	0	0	2	2
Baldridge, r	0	0	0	1	1
Total	0	7	27	10	12

Y. M. C. A.	1	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	1	7
Milesburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Summary—Base on balls Saylor 2; struck out, by Saylor 4; three base hit, Harper; sacrifice hit, Ryan; stolen bases, Proudfoot, McMaughlin 2, McGarrah 2; double play, Boggs and Holmes. Time, 2.15.

Laid to Rest.

At ten o'clock this morning the funeral of Mr. Samuel Cherry took place from his late residence on Valentine street. The obsequies were attended by Messrs. H. B. Mitchell, John H. Hall and Theo. Noerton, of Division 74, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, of Harrisburg; Messrs. J. H. Burns, C. F. Kline, J. M. Matin and D. C. Blank, of Division 250, of Sunbury; Messrs. W. S. Smith, D. B. Reed, E. W. Braden, J. H. Priest, R. I. Wad, J. A. Boger, L. W. Stonebraker, W. H. Blair, J. Nolan, S. C. Woodring, I. F. Leff and C. L. Pownell, of Tyrone Division No. 467, in addition to the various crews running on the Lewisburg road. The floral offerings were exquisite and appropriate as well as profuse. Rev. Zeiser, of the Evangelical church, officiated and interment was made in the Union cemetery. The following gentlemen acted as pall bearers: Messrs. William Blair W. S. Smith, E. B. Mitchell, D. C. Blank, S. C. Woodring, J. Priest, B. F. Leff and J. M. Martin.

Thanks Extended.

To the many kind friends and neighbors; also Brothers of Harrisburg division, No. 74; Tyrone division, No. 467, and Sunbury division, No. 250, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers:

We, the wife and children of our dear husband and father, do feel sincerely indebted to all for the many kindnesses extended to him during his illness, and after his death, to the family. Do accept, we beg, our feeble and sincere thanks. How inadequate words are to express our feelings. And may the many blessings of a happy future and a Supreme Chief ever rest with you all.

And to the floral contributors; kindly accept our heartfelt thanks for the flowers contributed at the funeral. Dead, but not forgotten. May his memory ever be refreshened by the bloom of the rose.

MRS. CHERRY,
J. T. CHERRY,
J. S. CHERRY,
MRS. LIZZIE WARD.

At Mill Hall.

The Lock Haven *Democrat*, of Thursday, contained the following: Col. J. L. Spangler, of Bellefonte, was then introduced. After reviewing the great progress of the nation he delivered a spirited oration on the necessity of arousing sentiment to stamp out the striking fever, to overthrow the tramp element in Coxey movements, to crush anarchy and, to suppress demagogues, which evils have crept into our system.

Mr. Spangler was followed by Superintendent Gephart, of the Central railroad, who fully endorsed the remarks made by the gentleman who preceeded him.

The first train on the Central road brought down from Bellefonte and intermediate points 219, the second train had over 400

The Coleville band rendered excellent music. It has been organized over a year, but during that time it has made a good musical organization.

Those New Uniforms.

The new uniforms of the Bellefonte band arrived on Tuesday evening and the band made its first appearance dressed up on Wednesday. Twenty-two in number with drum major Ryan in the lead, they came out on the street a little before ten o'clock and marched up town to the diamand, where they gave a brilliant concert. The boys always played well, but on Wednesday they seemed to play even better than ever, probably because they had on their new suits. Be that as it may the boys furnished exceedingly good music all day on Wednesday to the delight of a large crowd at the Park.

—There was no meeting of the Bellefonte Board of Trade Tuesday evening. The Secretary and one or two other members were all that were present. And now the query arises, has the Board retired or just grown tired?

One Profession That Is Not Crowded.

Amid the multitude of announcements of collegiate graduation one fact stands out in hold relief: The continued shortage in preachers.

While the other leaf and profession, law and medicine, are already overcrowded, the new output of graduates is as long on lawyers and doctors and as short on ministers of the Gospel as in the preceding years. Most of these hopeful young fledlings know, at least dimly, that there are from five to ten years of fierce and unremunerative struggling before them ere they can hope to attain a practice that will make them independent, and that the chances from the beginning are ten to one that they will never reach that coveted eminence. And most of these college boys know when they chose their professions that there was plenty of room in the ministry, and that the way to honor and a comfortable living was far smoother and shorter in that direction. A majority of the denominations lack for ministers and offer fair salaaies? No one can say that the preacher's work is harder than the business man's. Why, then, do our young men so unanimously pass it by.

The reason will probably be found in the ruling characteristic of the age. The growing desire for wealth. The possibilities of extreme wealth that exist in a commercial or professional career are not to be found in the ministry. Hence, the young man passes the latter by, though by choosing the ministry he would in all probability have been a D. D. long before he shall have secured a remunerative practice as a lawyer or physician, or a large business in trade or manufacturing.

THE BEST newspaper is always the CHEAPEST. That the Pittsburg DISPATCH is the best newspaper between New York and Chicago, everybody knows. 25 4t

May Get in a Fight.

Tuesday's Philadelphia *Times* says:

It was expected up to a few days that Governor Pattison, with his right and left bowers, Mr. Harrity and Mr. Hensel, would take a trip to Dakota for the Fourth of July, but they could not get away. Somebody thought it might be a good idea for a Governor who knew something about strikes to go out and have a little talk with Governor Waite and some of the other cow-boy executives and give them a little backbone. But to-day's dispatches show that General Beaver, the late Governor of Pennsylvania, and General Hastings, the prospective Governor, are both at Manitow Springs, in Colorado, and have been in conference with General McCook (one of the fighting McCooks), and United States Marshal Israel. It is easy to understand in the present troublesome condition of affairs why General Beaver, who is an old soldier and has had to deal with strikers as often as any Governor, should have been consulted, and although General Hastings has not actually been in any fighting, he is comparatively a young man and may yet. Indeed, somebody says that both the Pennsylvania generals are a little anxious about the way rails are being raised and Pullmans sidetracked, and they are wondering if they will have to fight their way back to Pennsylvania after all.

Attempted Burglary.

Early Thursday morning burglars effected an entrance into the office of the Mill Hall brick works by forcing open a window and attempted to blow open the safe. A hole was bored into the safe door, and the explosives were inserted. Beyond springing the door no damage was done, as the door refused to open. The books, however, were in a torn up condition. The work was done very quietly, as the watchman, who was in the building failed to hear the burglars. Had the effort to open the safe been successful, the robbers would not have secured much, as there was very little money in the drawer.

Death of Maud McCoy.

On Tuesday evening, at 8.20 o'clock, Miss Maud, the 16-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McCoy, who live in the Beaver and Hoy row, on the pike leading to Milesburg, died after an illness of several months. Miss McCoy first contracted the grip, which culminated in galloping consumption and caused her death.

Newton Hamilton Camp.

The twenty-third annual circular of the Juniata Valley camp meeting association has been issued. The circular gives all necessary information about the camp meeting to open at Newton Hamilton on August 14.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK

S.S.S. ERADICATES BLOOD POISON AND BLOOD TAINT.

SEVERAL bottles of Swift's Specific (S.S.S.) entirely cleansed my system of contagious blood poison of the very worst type.
WM. S. LOOMIS, Shreveport, La.

S.S.S. CURES SCROFULA EVEN IN ITS WORST FORMS.

I HAD SCROFULA in 1884, and cleansed my system entirely from it by taking seven bottles of S. S. S. I have not had any symptoms since. C. W. WILCOX, Spartanburg, S. C.

S.S.S. HAS CURED HUNDREDS OF CASES OF SKIN CANCER.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

ST. JACOBS OIL MAKES A Perfect Cure of BURNS, BRUISES, SCALDS, CUTS AND WOUNDS,

New York Weekly Tribune

—AND—

The Bellefonte Republican

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Address all orders to THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa.

Low Rates To Colorado.

On July 21st and 22nd the North-Western Line will sell excursion tickets to Denver, Pueblo and Colorado Springs and return at exceedingly low rates; tickets good for return passage until August 25th, inclusive. Solid Vestibuled Trains, Palace Sleeping Cars and Superb Dining Cars through between Chicago and Denver daily, via the Chicago & North-Western R'y. For detailed information apply to agents of connecting lines, or address W. A. Thrall, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

2 times

The Escaped "Man Eater."

Clearfield *Spirit*: The "man eater," which is supposed to have escaped from Walter Main's circus, is again reported in sight in some of the wooded districts of Clearfield county. During the past month this monster had the audacity to call at the very door steps of many houses where he "kissed the babies." smiled tenderly on the gentle mammas and after affectionately shaking the hand of the family disappeared in the forest to bob up again somewhere else.

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The best medicines are HUMPHREY'S SPECIFICS. They cure surely; they cure quickly; they cure economically. Every pellet is worth its weight in gold, as a curative agent. For sale by druggists.

The Central Railroad of Pennsylvania.

Time Table effective February 26, 1894.

Read Up				Read Down		
			STATIONS.			
No. 4	No. 2	Dis.		Dis	No. 1	No. 3
P. M.	A. M.	Ar.		Lv.	A. M.	P. M.
8 15	9 45	.0	Bellefonte	27.3	7 00	4 25
7 58	9 33	4.2	Nigh	23.1	7 13	5 38
7 51	9 26	7.9	Zion	20.3	7 20	5 45
7 44	9 19	9.2	Hecla Furn.	18.1	7 26	5 51
7 39	9 14	12.1	Hublersburg	15.2	7 34	5 58
7 34	9 09	14.1	Snydertown	13.2	7 38	6 02
7 32	9 07	15.2	Nittany	12.1	7 41	6 05
7 29	9 04	16.0	Huston	11.3	7 44	6 08
7 26	9 01	17.2	Lamar	10.1	7 47	6 11
7 24	8 59	18.2	Clintondale	9.1	7 50	6 14
7 19	8 54	20.3	Krider's Sid'g	7.0	7 55	6 19
7 14	8 49	22.6	Mackeyville	4.7	8 00	6 24
7 09	8 44	24.7	Cedar Springs	2.6	8 05	6 29
7 07	8 42	25.2	Salona	2.1	8 07	6 31
†7 00	†8 35	27.3	Mill Hall	.0	8 13	6 40
P. M.	A. M.	Lv.		Ar.	A. M.	P. M.
P. M.	A. M.	Ar.		Lv.	A. M.	P. M.
5 05	8 28		Mill Hall		†9 59	†6 47
4 30	7 55		Jersey Shore		10 30	7 25
†4 00	†7 30		Williamsport		11 00	8 00
P. M.	A. M.	Lv		Ar	A. M.	P. M.
P. M.	A. M.				NOON	P. M.
*2 42	*6 45	Ar.	Williamsport	Lv	*12 00	*11 35
*3 35	*11 30	Lv.	Philadelphia	Ar	8 27	7 12
*4 00			New York, via Tamq		9 40	9 20
	†7 30		New York, via Phila.		10 55	*9 30
A. M.	P. M.		(Foot of Liberty St.)		P. M.	

*Daily. †Daily except Sundays. ‖6 00 P. M. Sundays. ‖10 10 A. M. Sundays.

NOTE.—Philadelphia & Reading "Cannon Ball" leaves Williamsport Daily except Sundays at 3.35 p. m. arriving at Philadelphia at 10.10 p. M. Pullman Buffet Car attached to this train.

Sleeping cars run between Williamsport and Philadelphia on trains No's 2 and 3. Berth $1.50.

CONNECTIONS.

At Mill Hall with Beech Creek Railroad, at Bellefonte with Bellefonte Central Railroad and Pennsylvania Railroad (Bald Eagle Valley and Lewisburg and Tyrone Branches.)

Bellefonte, Pa. J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—Time table to take effect Monday, June 18th, 1894. Trains will run as follows, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad station.

EASTWARD				WESTWARD		
*12	*8	*2		*1	*7	*11
pm	pm	am	Ar—Lv	am	am	pm
6 50	3 50	8 25	Bellefonte	6 30	10 50	5 15
6 45	3 44	8 19	Coleville	6 37	10 57	5 20
6 42	3 41	8 16	f Morris f	6 40	11 02	5 23
6 40	3 38	8 12	f Whitmer f	6 44	11 07	5 25
6 36	3 33	8 07	Hunters	6 50	11 13	5 29
6 33	3 31	8 04	f Filmore f	6 53	11 16	5 32
6 29	3 26	7 59	f Briarly f	7 00	11 22	5 38
6 25	3 23	7 55	Waddles	7 05	11 25	5 40
6 23	3 12	7 52	f S. Cros'ng f	7 08	11 28	5 42
6 12	3 00	7 38	f Krumr'ne f	7 17	11 40	5 53
6 09	2 55	7 35	f Struble f	7 20	11 44	4 56
6 07	2 52	7 32	INN	7 24	11 48	5 58
6 05	2 50	7 30	State College	7 25	11 50	6 00

*On Saturday only. †On Monday only. + Daily except Sunday "f" flag station.

Train 2 connects with trains east and west on B. E. V. R. R. and S. S. branch, and train 8 connects with train east on B. E. V. R. R.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

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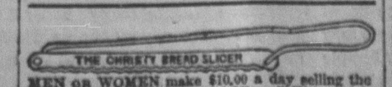

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Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases

are all gold as far as you can see. They look like solid cases, wear like solid cases, and are solid cases for all practical purposes—yet only cost about half as much as an out-and-out solid gold case. Warranted to wear for 20 years; many in constant use for thirty years. Better than ever since they are now fitted, at no extra cost, with the great bow (ring) which *cannot be pulled or twisted off* the case—the

Non-pull out

Can only be had on the cases stamped with this trade mark.

All others have the old-style pull out bow, which is only held to the case by friction, and can be twisted off with the fingers.

Sold only through watch dealers. Send for a watch case opener to the manufacturers

Keystone Watch Case Co.,
PHILAD...

Wheat and Grass

grow best when planted with Pure **Bone Dust.** A fertilizer that always brings a crop, always improves the soil. Sold direct to farmers $27.00 per ton. No agents. Samples free.

York Chemical Works, York, Pa.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

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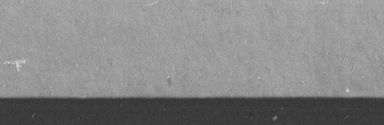

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CANVASSERS WANTED.

Bellefonte Republican,

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—The rolling mill of the Valentine Iron company will be put in operation next Monday.

—What a lot of people there are now who have nothing to do but sit idly by and discuss the condition of the strike in Chicago.

—The Centre county commissioners have purchased a new revolving sprinkler to use on the lawn in front of the court house.

—The society editor of the *Watchman* now writes his items under the gooseberry bush. This may give them a rather acid, though crisp, flavor.

—The Reformed Sunday school will picnic at Clintondale, on the line of the new Central Railroad of Pennsylvania, on Wednesday, July 25th.

—We are sorry to record the serious illness of 'Squire Samuel J. Herring, of Gregg township. Owing to his advanced age his friends are fearful for the result.

—The Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars will meet in Philipsburg June 16th and 17th: A big gathering from all parts of the state is anticipated.

—The Central railroad company has in contemplation an excursion to Niagara Falls in the near future. Such an excursion would doubtless be taken advantage of by many of our citizens.

—The house of Patrick Reardon, at Eagleville, was destroyed by fire a few nights ago. Cause, a defective flue. The loss was about five hundred dollars, on which there was no insurance.

—After an illness of nine months with dropsy, Mr. John McCartney, aged about 28 years, died at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James Haley, in Snow Shoe, on Saturday. He was buried on Monday.

—The past week has been a most delightful one for harvesting, the weather being neither too hot or too cold. The absence of rain has also been favorable to the making of hay and cutting of grain.

—On Sunday two young men engaged in a lively fisticuff on the railroad north of Bellefonte. One of the young men, in consequence, wears a pair of black eyes, but he is still not satisfied. He must want the earth.

—Foster, the St. Louis weather prognosticator, hit it square on the head by prophesying a cold wave from the 7th to the 9th. If he hits it so well another time we will cut loose from Hicks and pin our faith on Foster.

—Mr. John W. Bean died at his home in Taylor township on Tuesday, July 3rd, and was buried on the 7th. He leaves a wife and several children. Mr. Bean had been ill for some time and, it is said, predicted his death to the day.

—Quite a number of Bellefonte's bicyclists are now in a crippled condition, the result of recent tumbles from their machines. If this industry keeps moving along at this pace it will soon be as good for the doctors as a crop of green apples.

—The way the front yard fences are being taken down on Linn street is a caution and plainly tells the story of how much better it is for some people, at least, that cows were banished from the streets of Bellefonte. Mr. Crittenden is the last man on Linn street to remove his fence.

—The Curwensville Review of last week contains a very complete history of the Methodist church at Curwensville, with an illustrated description of the fine new church recently finished and dedicated. The new church cost $25,000. It is built of quarry dressed bluff stone, is very handsome in design and elegantly finished.

—From reading the head lines in the various large city dailies one could not possibly form any estimate of the condition of the great railroad strike. For example: In one paper this morning appeared the following in big, black letters, "The Strike is Broken." In another appeared the startling headline, "War, the Order Issued to Unsheath." Now who could judge from the above what the corroct status is?

—The latest news from the strike to-day is that Debs and Sovereign threaten, if the affair is not settled amicably and in their favor by this afternoon, to call out 40,000 coal miners who mine the coal for the boycotted railroads. In Chicago one thousand newsboys joined in the strike last night, and will hereafter refuse to handle or sell six of the leading papers of that city. Evidently the end of the trouble is not yet in sight.

—The walls for the new Armory for Company B are being built up quite rapinly, and at the rate they are now going it wont take many weeks complete the building which, when finished, will be the largest one room in Bellefonte. And, while we are on the subject of building, it can also be said that the new building being erected by the Brockerhoffs on the site of the old Conrad building is moving along briskly and when it is finished "Temple Court" will be an ornament to that part of the town.

THE GREAT STRIKE.

The Causes Which Led to the Boycott of the Pullman.

The great strike is the topic of conversation. Everything else has given way to the struggle that is now going on at Chicago. While all have a general idea that the strike is for an increase in wages very few know the causes that led to the boycott against the Pullman cars, and which threatens to involve all railroads which use the rolling stock of the boycotted company. It came about this way:

The car company began to feel the general depression of business about the same time that other great industries did. A great part of the business is the building of cars for general transportation—steam railroad passenger cars, horse and cable cars for street railways; and a variety of cars for transporting horses and for other special purposes. Until after the opening of the world's fair at Chicago the works were busy. The company was finishing about 400 palace cars to add to its own equipment, and it had a great deal of other work on hand. Then came a very dull time. It is said for the company that naturally, not wishing to close its works, it took many contracts upon which no profit, or even a loss was made. It notified the men of this and made a reduction of wages, promising that when business revived the old rates would be restored.

Competition in building cars is as close as it is in any other business. One of the officers of the Pullman company is authority for the statement that on the last contract it took there was only $1 a car difference between the bids and those of the next competitor. A couple a months ago the men began to get uneasy and to demand a restoration of wages. Any increase of wages made an addition of many dollars to the cost of each car. The company claimed that the time would not yet warrant a return to the old rates. Five weeks ago the men struck and the shops have since been idle.

The Pullman trouble was brought up at the recent convention in Chicago and a committee that had been appointed to recommend some action in regard to it reported in favor of a boycott. A committte of three was appointed to go to the general officers of the Pullman company with notification of the convention's actions and to make final demand for arbitration. The committee saw Second Vice President Wickes.

"The Pullman company refuses to recognize the American Railway Union in this matter," he said.

No member of the American Railway Union is to have anything to do with Pullman cars so long as the boycott order stands. Car inspectors will refuse to inspect them, brakemen and firemen will refuse to haul them. Pullman cars are to be sidetracked and left wherever they may be. If any employe of a railroad is laid off or discharged for such action, and a new man put in his place, the whole membership of the union upon that road is to stop work.

The present strike has caused many inquiries to be made about the town of Pullman. Pullman is twelve miles south of Chicago, on Lake Calumet, is a tract of 4,000 acres, and has a population of 15,000. There are nearly 2,000 houses rented to workmen. Over $10,000,000 is represented in the town and works.

Got His Finger Smashed.

On Friday Prof. Clarence Davis, who is serving a term in "Fort Condo" on the hill, was fooling around his cell door and accidently pushed the same shut on the middle finger of his right hand, smashing that member so badly that the only thing that could be done was to amputate it. Drs. Seibert and Hayes performed the operation. While the same was being done Davis was put under the influence of ether and, it is said, that when he regained consciousness he first laughed, than sang, then began to cry and pray, fearing that he was going to die, and it required five minutes time and the most eloquently persuasive powers of the two doctors to convince him that he wouldn't and get the man quieted down.

Civil Service Examination.

Saturday was the day for the civil service examination of applicants for positions as carriers and clerks in the Bellefonte postoffice and the same was held in the court house. The class this time was the largest ever examined. The list was as follows:

For Carriers: John T. Laurie, Rush G. Larimer, Edward C. Woods, Birton K. Henderson, John Trafford, J. Mitch Cunningham, Charles E. Wetzel, Robert H. Woodring and Jacob H. Eberhart.

For Clerks—George A. Miller and William H. Garman.

LETTER LIST

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte P. O. uncalled for July 10th. 1894.

Mrs. E. C. Berthwell, Mrs Lizzie Beaver 2, Theodore Crissman, John Campbell, Isaiah Curry, Mary Hope, Mattie S. Kites, Nora Kelley, Albert Mader, Henry Mancers, Thomas Noll, A. S. R. Richards.

When called for please say advertised.

DAVID F. FORTNEY P. M.

—On Monday night, we are reliably informed, about eleven o'clock a party of young men, considerably under the influence of liquor, went up on Halfmoon hill and amused themselves by making bonfires of some piles of hay belonging to Mr. George Meese. When sport takes on the character of destroying property it becomes malicious mischief and the parties at fault should be taught a lesson that will learn them in the future to distinguish the difference.

The Logan's Picnic.

As we have already stated in the columns the Central Railroad company of Pennsylvania is fixing up two beautiful parks for excursionists and picnic purposes along the line of their road, one at Clintondale and the other one at Hecla. The former is a nice one but the latter will be by far the best and most extensive. A large dancing pavillion will be put up, band stands, kitchens, rustic seats, numerous tables and everything necessary to insure the comfort and convenience of all picnic parties, from the smallest to the largest.

And this park—the one at Hecla—will be formally opened to the public on Thursday, August 9th, by the Logan Steam Fire Engine company, of this place, who will hold their third annual picnic there on that date. The boys expect to have a gala time and are making arrangements for the most elaborate picnic ever held by them. There will be music during the entire day by the Bellefonte band and in the late afternoon and evening a picked orchestra will furnish music for dancing. Nobody will want to miss this picnic.

Let Them Enjoy It.

Now that the children are out of school the time until the fall term opens should be given up to rest from studies and to development of the body. It has been asserted that the schools drive the intellect at the expense of the physical development, and no doubt that is true. The business of a child is to grow strong and healthy. Schools do not pay enough attention to developing a good constitution. They sacrifice health to showing in the graduating class. Promotions count more than stature and strength. It is wise to give the children all there is in vacation. They should be turned out doors, filled full of fresh air and allowed to grow strong and healthy. Vacation is an important part of a child's life and parents should see that the child makes the most of it. The teachers take care of the balance of the year.

Should Stand for Somthing.

State Superintendent of public Instruction Dr. N. C. Shaffer makes the following timely reference to our country's flag: "The great need of the age is to get our people to make religion a matter of the heart, not of dress or forms of address or of any other outward observances. Our orders have done a good thing in presenting flags to our scools, but the flag must be made to stand for somthing in our hart, for that love of country which we call patriotism; otherwise it may become an empty symbol. Hence the care of the flag is part of the duty of the public school teacher as well as of the messenger of the gospel. For the sake of the religion, as well as of patriotism, it is a duty to keep the heart cleen."

—Word comes from Unionville of the fine time one of Bellefonte's young men is having up there. He has been engaged by the Unionville base ball team to play with them and, of course, is making the most of his opportunity. His manner of dress is described as most effective, especially in mashing the hearts of Unionville's fair ladies, and his general popularity with all is fully demonstrated by the fact that, although he is boarding at the hotel, most of his meals are eaten at private houses, on invitation of some admirer—either lady or gentleman. The only sham about the whole affair is that when the young man comes to Bellefonte he tries to make the boys here believe he is working on a farm.

—Many people waste a great deal of their strength by swinging their arms backward and forward all the time while walking. It is a curious fact that the practice is followed by one of the sexes much more than is by the other. An observer has taken notes upon this subject. After standing a good while at the corner of Broadway and Fourteen streets, he was able to allege that nearly 60 men in every 100 and only 12 women in every 100 swing their arms while walking. Most of them move the right arm with the left leg and the left arm with the right leg. A man who gave up the habit for a time returned to it for the reason that it seemed to help to walk rapidly.

Civil Service.

The Civil Service Commission at Washington has ordered that an examination be held in Bellefonte, on Wednesday, Aug. 8th, 1894, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m., for the grades of clerk and carrier, in the Bellefonte post office. Only citizens of the United States can be examined. The age limitations are as follows: For carrier, not under 21 nor over 40; for all other positions, not under 18 years. No application will be accepted for this examination unless filed in complete form, at the post office on the proper blank, before the hour of closing business on July 23rd, 1894.

E. E. ARDREY, Sec. Board.

Hull—Glenn.

A very pretty wedding took place in the Catholic church at Snow Shoe Wednesday at 8 o'clock. It was the nuptial ceremony of Mr. Harry Hull, of this place, and Miss Mary Glenn, of Clarence. Rev. Father Fleming performed the ceremony. Miss Annie Foley and Herbert Hull, of this place, were bridesmaid and groomsman respectively.

EFFECTS OF THE STRIKE.

Providing Against Emergencies that Might Arise.

Butchers in Bellefonte state that so far the strike has not affected them yet, but they fear that if it continue much longer they may have trouble in securing shipments of live stock from the western markets. In other cities and towns the price of meat has advanced owing to the inability of the dealers to procure the usual quantities from the meat packing firms in Chicago.

But while no effects of the strike has as yet been felt in this section, all recognize the fact that there may yet be trouble in this direction. The hope has been expressed that the strike would not extend into this state and at the present writing there is no such prospects. But the railroad companies are preparing for what may occur and are making their plans accordingly. At Erie the shops are getting a large supply of coal on hand, so as to prevent a scarcity of fuel if trains should stop running. The general freight agents of the railroad companies in the state have issued orders to agents along the line not to accept perishable freight or live stock for points west of Buffalo and Pittsburg without special orders

Monday afternoon a special telegram from Chicago states that ninety-eight trade unions, representing 100,000 men, decided to strike Wednesday unless Mr. Pullman of that city, agrees to arbitrate before noon to-day.

The strike will seriously interfere with the large attendance at the national christian endeavor convention, which opens its session in Cleveland, Ohio, this week. Several persons in this county had made arrangements to go, but the fear of trouble on lines west of Erie and Pittsburg has caused apprehension that they will not get through safely. Many, however, intend running the risk, and wil go by way of Erie.

The Horse Had to be Killed.

Monday afternoon, G. R. Runkle, the young man who drives Sechler & Co's delivery wagon, hauled a load of refuse out beyond the car works to an embankment where such stuff is now being dumped. The roadway at that place is very narrow and, after unloading his stuff, Runkle undertook to turn around. The horse commenced to back and backed further than was intended with the result that the heavy wagon went down over a fifteen foot enbankment, and the horse was thrown over the top of the wagon alighting in such a way as to break its back. There being no help for it, Mr. Sechler went out and chloroformed the animal. The horse was a good one and the loss will be severely felt. The driver jumped and was not injured but terribly frightened.

Got His Hand Hurt.

On Monday afternoon Harry Gerberick met with a painful accident, which might have proved far more serious. The upper pulley on the hoisting rope was not working satisfactorily and Harry went up to oil it. He had his hand on the pulley and was busily engaged in oiling when some person below started the machinery and Harry's hand was wound in by the heavy rope, badly lacerating and smashing several of his fingers, and it was not until he threw the oil can at the men below that he could get the machinery stopped. Harry now carries his hand in a sling.

A Case of Skin Grafting.

Altoona *Tribune*: Last fall Charles Doak met with an accident on the railroad which resulted in one foot being crushed and one of his arms so badly injured that it had to be amputated. The arm never properly healed and on Saturday last he was re-admitted to the hospital for the purpose of performing the operation of skin grafting. Several of his friends submitted to giving up a portion of their cuticle and twelve of these grafts were successfully transferred to the arm of the patient, whom it is now hoped will profit by the exchange.

The Eagles Mere Excursion.

About twenty persons from Bellefonte took advantage of the cheap excursion to Eagles Mere offered by the Central Railroad company of Pennsylvania, and departed on the special train leaving at 8 o'clock on Tuesday. It was expected that about twenty more people would join the excursionists along the route so that the crowd total would number about forty. It will, doubtless, be a three day's trip of unlimited pleasure, and we wish all parties a royal good time.

Hints to Travelers.

Economy saves money; so do excursion tickets when obtainable.

Eight travelers out of ten who use a railroad pass find it expensive.

No railroad porter has ever been offended by a gift of the smallest coin.

Seats behind passengers whose window is open guarantee dust and cinders.

A passenger brakeman does not care whether you sue the railroad company or not. Don't threaten him.

Benovo Borough Tax Levy.

At a special meeting of Renovo Borough Council last Tuesday evening it was decided to levy a tax rate for this year of seventeen mills. This levy on the total valuation of $621,000 will give the borough a revenue of $10,477.00 less expenses of collections exonerations and abatements This will be an increase of three mills over that of last year. On Saturday evening the council held another meeting and decided to stop all borough work and to practice the strictest economy.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

PERSONAL PENCLINGS.

Mrs. Dr. J. L. Seibert is entertaining her brother, wife and two children.

Miss Helen Hastings is visiting Miss Mame Jackson, at Berwick, Pa.

C. E. Bostwick, of DuBois, has been granted a patent for a trolly wheel.

Mrs. Nichols and family, of Philadelphia, are visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Mrs. W. F. Reeder and son Wallace, departed on Friday for a visit to Houtzdale.

Miss Mabel Cowdrick, of this place, is visiting friends at Salladsburg, Lycoming county.

Mr. Geo. T. Bush returned Friday evening from a ten days' trip to Scranton and Wilkesbarree.

Miss Myra Agar, of Lock Haven, is at present the guest of her friend, Miss Josephine Bauer, on Bishop street.

Mr. G. Murray Andrews and wife and Mrs. E. W. Hale departed on Saturday for a brief sojourn at Altantic City.

Mr. Henry Gillam, wife and two daughters, of Bucks county, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Kitson, on Curtin street.

We notice in Bellefonte Mr. John W. Cooke, of Philadelphia. Mr. Cooke looks even handsomer than when he resided in Bellefonte.

Hon. James Milliken came to Bellefonte from his home in Milroy on Friday, and is now greeting his numerous friends in this place.

Mrs. W. B. Dix, of Dayton, Ohio, arrived in Bellefonte a few days ago, and will spend several weeks visiting her numerous friends in this place.

Miss Lottie Rowe, daughter of Mr. Wm. Rowe, formerly of this place but now of Hagerstown, Md., is visiting her friend Miss Emma Krider, on East Bishop street.

Miss Margaret Reed, a teacher in a deaf and dumb school who has been visiting friends in Bellefonte and Snow Shoe, departed on Saturday for her home in Freeport, Pa.

Dr. and Mrs. Oscar Myers, of Rochester N. Y., are the guests of Mrs. Louisa Bush, on Spring street. The doctor will be remembered as a son of our former townsman, Mr. J. H. Myers.

State Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, Charles E. Hurlburt, has returned from Europe, where he was in attendance at the convention of the National Association.

Mrs. James H. McLain and daughter, Miss Helen, of Massillon, Ohio, are visiting at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Harris, on East Howard street. Mrs. McLain is a sister of Mrs. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. Paxton Cowdrick, of Salladsburg, Pa., are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Morris W. Cowdrick, on East Linn street. Mr. Paxton Cowdrick is our well-known townsman's eldest brother.

Chas. T. Noll, was thrown from his bicycle on Sunday, near the Glen Richey House, while going at the rate of sixty miles an hour, and received severe injuries with a narrow escape from death. He was brought home in a carriage.—Clearfield *Raftsman's Journal*.

Says the Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*: Lowell Meyers, of Bellefonte, a brother of Harry S. Meyer, of this city, is here, with the purpose of going to the hospital on Monday next for the treatment of a sore hand, a case which puzzles the physicians of Bellefonte.

Mr. Dorsey Hunter, of Gettysburg, a brother of Commissioner's clerk, Robert F. Hunter, was in town Saturday greeting his many friends. Dorsey says extensive preparations are being made at Gettysburg for the division encampment of the national guard at that place during the first of August.

Mr. Alfred Diehl, of Northumberland county, arrived in Bellefonte recently and will spend a few days visiting friends in Centre county. Mr. Diehl is a brother of our townsman, Mr. Samuel Diehl, and before the war resided here. Since the war he has visited Bellefonte only at long intervals, his last trip being made here to attend the state encampment of the G. A. R. in 1884.

We were favored with a call on Saturday from Mr. J. T. Cherry, of Big Springs, Texas, a son of the late Samuel Cherry. Mr. Cherry is an engineer on the Texas Pacific railroad and handles the throttle over a one hundred and fifty mile run. On his trip to Bellefonte he started from his home at 7 o'clock last Monday morning and arrived in Bellefonte at 9.32 Thursday morning. He traveled night and day with only one stop of two hours in St. Louis and was obliged to change cars but twice en route—in St. Louis and Tyrone.

Dr. Thomas Tobin, of Stormstown, was a Bellefonte visitor on Tuesday.

Mrs. George W. Jackson departed on Monday morning for Hyndman, Pa.

Mr. F. C. Richards, the jeweler, is off on a business trip to Philadelphia and New York city.

Miss Aida Ricketts, of Baltimore, is a guest at the home of her uncle, Mr. John Roundtree, in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan, of Williamsport, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John P. Harris, on Linn street.

Harry Frysinger, after a weeks' trip to Lewistown, is again in Bellefonte and at his post of duty in the *Magnet* office.

Misses Redford and Knowles, of Richmond, Va., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Dale, on East Linn street.

Miss Nettie Dale, of Lemont, departed on Tuesday for Cleveland, Ohio, to attend the national convention of the Christian Endeavors.

Mrs. Emanuel Clepper and three children, of Philadelphia, are visiting at Mrs. C's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Simeon Haupt, on Logan street.

Mr. Will Bartley, of Connecticut, arrived in Bellefonte on Monday evening and will visit his family and friends here for a week or ten days.

After a brief but pleasant visit with friends in this vicinity Mr. Howard Spangler and family departed on Monday for their home in Hyndman.

Monday evening Messrs. Harry and Edward Cowdrick departed for Johnstown where they will be engaged a couple of weeks on a job of brick laying.

Miss Rilla Boesner, formerly of this place but now a resident of Camden, N. J., arrived in Bellefonte on Monday for a two week's visit with her mother and family. Miss Rilla is now a very charming young lady.

Mr. and Mrs. Brecker, of Philadelphia, are visiting friends in Bellefonte. Mrs. Brecker is a grand-daughter of our townsman, Mr. Daniel Moorhead, and was but recently married to Mr. Brecker, the happy couple just now being on their honeymoon tour.

Miss Emma Kuhn, who has been stopping with her brother on East Lamb street for the past several months, departed Tuesday afternoon for Centre Hall, where she will make her future home. There is at least one masculine heart in Bellefonte that will grow faint over this news.

Francis Speer, the versatile writer of the *Gazette's* "That column," was one of the party who went away on the Eagles Mere excursion on Tuesday. Francis did not go as a newspaper man, but simply for a rest and to have a good time, and from the way he started in, we conclude he will have it.

Farm Laborers Scarce.

Strange as it may seem, in the face of hard times and many men out of employment, complaints are heard from some of the farming districts that farm laborers are scarce, and this is one of the few ordinary occupations in life where wages have not been reduced, but, on the other hand, they have actually advanced at some places. Some years ago the prevailing rate of wages on many farms was 50 and 75 cents a day, while the best hands received more. During haying and harvesting nowadays men receive $1.50 a day and board and extra good hands receive as high as $2 a day.

Best printing, finest paper, fullest reports on all topics in the Pittsburgh DISPATCH.

Bellefonte Markets.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 55
Mixed wheat per bushel	55
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	50
Rye per bushel	55
Corn (shelled)	45
Corn (ears)	45
Oats	30
Barley	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	5 00
do prime and extra prime	6.50
do choice	7.00
Flour, retail, per barrel	3.80
Flour, wholesale	3.20
Hay choice mixed, per ton	10.00
" prime timothy " "	11.00
" choice " " "	12.00

Provision Markets.

Corrected weekly by Eureka Grocery.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Green apples, per bushel	50
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10 — 12
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	15
Country Hams, per pound	12½
Hams, sugar cured	12½
Shoulders	12
Breakfast Bacon	14
Country Bacon	10
Lard, leaf, per pound	12½
Lard, country, per pound	10
Eggs, per dozen	15
Potatoes, per bushel	60
Dried Beef	25
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country side, per pound	12½
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½
Canned Corn, per can	10—15
Lemons, per dozen	30
Oranges, per dozen	30—40
Dried sweet corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Flour, per sack	95